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OLD SERIES—VOL. LXIV—NO 3,313

FAYETTEVILLE, N. C., THURSDAY, NOVEMBER 2, 1899.

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SEND NO MONEY. Cut this ad. out, and send to us, state your weight and height, also number of inches around body at bust and waist, and we will send this BEAUTIFUL FUR TRIMMED BEAVER CLOTH CAPE to you by express, C.O.D., subject to examination. You can examine and try it on at your nearest express office and if found perfectly satisfactory, exactly as represented and the most wonderful value you ever saw or heard of, pay the express agent our special offer price $2.75, and express charges. Express charges will average 40 to 60 cents for each 1,000 miles. THIS CAPE IS A LA TEST STYLE FOR FALL and WINTER, made from an extra fine and heavy all wool black or blue genuine Karlton Beaver cloth, 27 inches long, very full sweep, Elastic upper cape, extra full. Upper cape and large storm collar, beautifully trimmed with black Baltic seal fur; upper cape trimmed with three rows and collar with two rows of same fur, handsome fancy black silk frogs and ornaments. This cape is fine mohair braid; cloth button ornaments. This cape is finer tailor made throughout and equal to capes that sell at $10 to $15 elsewhere. Our Special Offer price $2.75. Write for free Cloak Catalogue. Store than double the price. Write for free Cloak Catalogue.
SEARS, ROEBUCK & CO., CHICAGO
(Sears, Roebuck & Co. are thoroughly reliable—Editor.)

EXECUTIVE ENCROACHMENT—REPUBLICAN TRICKS.

One by one the powers of the legislative representatives of the people are being usurped or absorbed by the executive. Mr. Cleveland bought just enough Senators outright to carry his scheme of legislation against the silver money of the Constitution. His man Olney followed this up by his claim that the recognition of foreign governments was an executive prerogative. Mr. McKinley goes them both one better by sending Congress "about its business"—to use an expressive phrase which, in this case, means just the reverse of its literal words—and taking upon himself the awful powers of the making and the conduct of war. And now, he follows this up by unblushingly proposing to appropriate to himself the treaty making power, onferred by the Constitution upon the Senate!

A Washington letter contains this:

"War Department officials refuse to make public any of the provisions of the arrangements made by General Bates with the Sultan of Sulu. The document arrived in Washington about six weeks ago. A Cabinet officer says General Bates has secured for the United States the valuable services of the whole royal family of Sulu for the compensation of a good clerk and provided for the immediate mitigation of the condition of the slaves and their ultimate emancipation. It is said that this arrangement is not permanent and does not prevent different treatment of the island in the future. Furthermore, it has not been approved thus far by the President, and may be rejected if it is deemed proper to do so. The arrangement is regarded as a purely military one, fully within the powers of the American commanding officer to conclude, *and so it will not be submitted to the Senate as would be a treaty but will be merely transmitted as a matter of information.*"

What do the people who elected this man president think of his bold and unblushing usurpations? Or are they becoming reconciled to the gradual loss of their liberties?

We see it stated that the McKinley press in this State is actually taunting the loyal Democrats with the crime of carrying North Carolina against this same McKinley in 1896. They even go so far as to attempt to hoodwink the people into forgetfulness of the fact that Mr. Sewall, now a visitor in Eastern Carolina, approved, like the loyal Democrat that he is, of Mr. Bryan's and Chairman Jones's request of the local Democracy to take the step necessary to wrest the State from McKinley and give it to Bryan, and of the local Democracy's faithful compliance therewith.

The wolf in sheep's clothing is admirably exposed and properly denounced by Chairman Simmons's ringing denunciation of the Asheville Gazette, which we reproduce elsewhere. The Gazette poses—so it appears, for it has cut us off since entering upon its disloyal course, after the habit of its kind—as a Democratic journal, and yet opposes the adopted policy of the Democratic party in this State. It is a great pity that the same course of official exposure and rebuke was not administered to the McKinly "Democratic" journals in 1896. If it had been, we should probably not be treated to the present disgusting outbreak by one of them in connection with Mr. Sewall. If we are not mistaken, this latter is the prelude to an assault on the proposition to hold the Democratic primaries for United States Senator just after the sheep have been separated from the goats at the November election in 1900. At that election the McKinly Democrats will turn up with the goats. Let Democrats keep their eyes upon those who have once betrayed them. Thus only will it be possible to carry out Democratic policies and defeat the presidential usurper.

British Loss Over 600.

A London cable says:

The War Office returns show that the total known British losses since the beginning of the war in South Africa reach 597.

Eighteen officers have been killed and 55 wounded, and 76 men killed and 435 wounded. There are 13 unaccounted for.

This total does not include about 100 men included in the latest reports of losses.

General White has telegraphed to the War Office that in the fighting near Ladysmith on Tuesday 13 of the British force were killed and 93 wounded, and that three are missing. The losses are mostly among the Gloucester Regiment. The officer killed were:

First Gloucester—Colonel Wilford.

Second Battery, Field Artillery—Lieutenant Douglass.

Fifty-third Battery, Field Artillery—Major Abby, Lieutenant Perreau, Lieutenant Hobart.

Nineteenth Hussars — Lieutenant Holford.

First Gloucester Regiment—Loss, 7 killed and 52 wounded.

Later British estimates of the Boer losses at Elandslaagte give 300 killed. The British lost 42 killed and 205 wounded. The coolness, bravery and good aim of the Boers can be judged from the fact that out of 18 officers with the half battalion of Gordon Highlanders four were killed and 13 wounded, while the losses among the rank and file were 27 per cent. during less than three hours' fighting. Lieutenant Campbell, of the Gordon Highlanders, has since died from his wounds.

Why experimnet on yourself with remedies of doubtful utility when you can get Chamberlain's Cough Remedy, which has stood the test of time. Twenty-five years' sale and use have proven that remedy to be a prompt and certain cure for colds. It will cure a cold in a day if taken as soon as the cold has been contracted and before it has settled in the system. Sold by B. E. Sedberry & Sons.

BRITAIN AND THE POWERS.

A special cablegram from London to the New York Tribune of the 24th says:

"The sailing of the Channel squadron for Gibraltar is now regarded by the keenest observers as an indication that some unexpected attack upon British interests is possible. The magnitude of the preparations for the war, which are out of all proportion to the requirements of the military situation, can be adequately explained on the theory that the Government suspected that some great power would be tempted to seize the opportunity for striking a sudden blow or carrying out a deeply cherished policy.

"The quarter from which an attack of this kind may come is unmistakable. The Russian press has had license to criticise the English policy in South Africa in the most acrid way, and a rumor that Herat may be occupied is already in the air. British commercial interests in Persia are so large that a Russian seizure of the commanding position in Western Afghanistan would be a serious stroke, aimed directly against free trade. That seems a more likely menace than the forcing of the Dardanelles by the Russian Black Sea fleet.

"The movement of a powerful French fleet to the Levant coincides with the circulation of a rumor that the Russian advance may be resumed in Asia while England is preoccupied with the war in South Africa. It also fits in with the explanation of a secret agreement between England and Germany. This was that England, in return for a free hand in South Africa in settling the Transvaal question, had agreed not to make any hostile use of her fleet if the German Emperor were to decide to follow up his visit to Jerusalem with a serious attempt to colonize any portion of Asia Minor and to bring it under German influence.

"A prominent diplomatist whom I consulted remarked that the nature of the Anglo-German agreement was the closest secret in European diplomacy, but that the foregoing statement was the most reasonable explanation which he had heard. Denials may be expected as a matter of course, but I do not hesitate to repeat on high authority that the British Navy will not be used against Germany in the Levant, and that this is the secret understanding which has released England from all risk of German intervention in South Africa."

THE RUMORS NOT CREDITED.

A Washington letter to the Baltimore Sun says:

Little or no credence is given by Secretary Hay to rumors abroad of a possible combination of France, Russia and perhaps Germany against Great Britain. Secretary Hay denies that the American representatives at London, St. Petersburg or Paris have received any intimation worthy of consideration which would lead them to believe definite or serious action is contemplated by European powers during the war in South Africa.

Diplomats who are usually well informed and would probably learn through private sources of any concert of the powers against Great Britain have, it is believed, no information which would warrant them in communicating with their governments on the subject. More significance is thought to be attributed to the extraordinary naval and military activity in Great Britain, the mobilization of army corps and the assembling of vessels than the occasion justifies. American army and naval officers say that such preparations are only natural incidents of a war, however small.

The fact that Great Britain has been on a war footing for two years and prepared for any emergency on short notice has been known to foreign governments, so that the gathering of her vessels and the recommissioning of other ships are regarded as merely a repetition of previous demonstrations she has made to emphasize her complete readiness for any situation.

While the war, from a military standpoint, is looked upon as a small affair, apart from the heavy loss of life, there is no doubt, in the opinion of conservative military men, that lessons will be derived that were not possible in the late conflict between the United States and Spain. For this reason our Government, as stated to the Sun today, has ordered four officers to the Transvaal to observe the operations of the troops and secure such information as may be desirable regarding maneuvers, the value of certain equipment and ordnance, and especially to watch the methods employed by the British to care for their troops in the field and the sick and injured in the hospitals.

HAVE BRITAIN AND AMERICA AN UNDERSTANDING?

A Washington dispatch to the New York Journal says the European powers propose:

To offer mediation in South Africa, with the knowlege that it will be refused.

To interrogate Great Britain as to her ultimate purpose in South Africa. Is it, after the Transvaal and Orange Free State are conquered, to establish a great South African British dominion?

With no satisfactory reply forthcoming the powers will push Great Britain in diplomatic channels and make demonstrations at various vital points.

The Journal continues:

"The collective purpose of the powers is to prevent the establishment of a vast British dominion in South Africa and to diminish Britain's power, prestige and arrogance. The individual purposes are as follows:

"Germany—For absolute control of the Samoan group, and extension of her Chinese concessions, as at Kiao-Chau and Shanghai.

Italy—For San Mun Bay, China, and a foothold in the interior of China.

"Russia—For paramount influence in Northern China, at outlet in the Arabian sea or Persian Gulf, and concessions from Turkey, which will make her influence felt in the Mediterranean.

"France—For the extension of her possessions in East Africa, with a view to encroachments on British possessions there and the regaining of some of her lost prestige in Egypt.

"Great Britain and the United States have an understanding whereby

"The former will secure all her supplies from this country, and the United States will refuse

"To participate in an offer of mediation, or

"In an interrogation as to Great Britain's ultimate intentions in South Africa, or

"In any subsequent joint action of the powers, and will agree

"To preserve the status quo in Samoa;

"To preserve the integrity of the Shanghai concessions, and

"To prevent aggression in any direction or quarters where the United States has material interests at stake."

The Recapture of Elandslaagte.

A Ladysmith cable of last week says:

Realizing that the first attack on Glencoe was part of a general combined attack by three columns and that the situation was still serious so long as the Boers held the railway at Elandslaagte, severing communication between Ladysmith and Glencoe, Gen. Sir George Stewart White resolved to give battle with a view of recapturing Elandslaagte.

It was imperative to dislodge the Boers from Elandslaagte, as it had been learned that the Orange Free State burghers were descending from their positions on the slopes of the Drakenberg from Tintwa and other western passes to co-operate with those already posted at Elandslaagte.

Early Saturday morning the British forces moved out by road and rail. It was computed that there were about 1 200 Boers, with big guns and Maxims covering their front, and occupying a well-chosen position at the base of a hill a little distance south of Elandslaagte. On both flanks were kopjes, or billocks, on which were big guns strongly posted and commanding a wide sweep on all sides, leaving an opening for retreat.

A British armored train, supported by two trainloads of infantry, on approaching the Boer position, was shelled. The British artillery was at once brought up and drove the Boers from their guns, making a series of brilliant dashes into the valley and up the successive heights to get nearer the Boer main position. Thrice were the Boer batteries on the way silenced by British artillery, although the Boers fought with great pluck and determination, returning each time. General White's guns moved, and rained shrapnel and Maxim bullets against the advance.

Soon a tremendous artillery duel was in progress. Two Boer guns, splendidly placed, were stubbornly fought for two hours and a quarter, while mounted Boers tried to come in contact with the British on the left and the right.

Then, at 6:15 p. m., the Devonshire Regiment, half the Gordon Highlanders, half the Manchester Regiment and the Imperial Light Horse advanced on the position and stormed the Boer front. A bayonet charge was sounded as the roar of artillery on both sides suddenly ceased, and the British, with the Devonshires leading, made a superb dash against the main body of the Boers, undaunted though facing a fearful fire.

Twice were they checked by the terrible fusillade. Once the advance quivered for a moment, but then, with ringing, roaring cheers, the whole of the force hurled itself forward like an avalanche and swept over the hills, bayoneting the broken Boer army in all directions.

The Boers were overwhelmed and astounded. They paused, then retreated, then raised the white flag and surrendered. Two or three hundred broke and ran, pursued by the Fifth Lancers, who charged through and through them.

It was dark by this time, but the slaughter must have been great. The Gordon Highlanders say the storming of Dalgai Ridge was mere child's play compared with this attack. The Boer loss must have been heavy. The best estimates place it at over 400 killed.

One of the captured Boers said that if he had known English soldiers could shoot so well he would never have gone to war. Another Boer said he knew he was fighting for a lost cause. Yet a third expressed surprise that he had to shoot at men wearing khaki. He was terribly dejected. He had been told to shoot at men with red coats and white collars, and he saw none. His impression seemed to be that the men who fought against him were not Englishmen.

A heavy rain fell after the battle, making a piteous scene on the field, where many wounded were lying.

The Devonshire Regiment captured three Boer flags. Commandant de Meellion, of Johannesburg, was taken prisoner. A bugler boy of the Fifth Lancers, only 14 years of age, shot three Boers with his pistol. On returning after the fight he was carried shoulder high around the camp.

Everybody testified to the splendid fighting and stubborn bravery of the Boers.

Game in North Carolina.

Says Col. Olds in the Baltimore Sun:

The shooting season in this State will begin November 1. It is safe to say that not in many years have there been more partridges. It was feared by many persons that the extreme cold weather and the deep snow last February would destroy them. The birds are in all that part of the State east of the Blue Ridge and extending to the tier of counties bordering the sounds. From Danville to Greensboro, thence as far west as Morganton and eastward to Goldsboro there are birds in abundance. Granville county offers good sport, and so does Person.

The Legislature, at its last session, enacted a law for a number of counties, requiring hunters to have the written permission of landowners when hunting on the latters' lands. This was aimed at "pot hunters." In part of the State, mainly in the High Point and Hickory sections, Northern sportsmen, to a very large extent, pay the taxes on the lands and have all the privileges. East of Guilford county this is not done. The large landowners make things particularly pleasant for sportsmen, but some of the smaller ones give trouble some times.

Sportsmen from the Baltimore section will find good shooting in Randolph county and also in Moore. It is evident that the plan of securing hunting rights by paying the comparatively trifling taxes on lands will be widely extended. It is not permitted to ship birds out of this State. The law is violated by taking birds away in trunks and in such packages as would not be suspected to contain them. A number of live birds were sent to Virginia last spring.

Newberne remains the centre for the best deer shooting. It is said there are more wild turkeys in the lower Roanoke river country than elsewhere.

Joseph Stockford, Hodgdon, Me., healed a sore running for seventeen years and cured his piles of long standing by using DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve. It cures all skin diseases. King Bros.

A Dead Spot in the Sea.

New Orleans Times-Democrat.

"There is a dead spot in the Caribbean Sea," said the first officer of a Brazilian ship, chatting at the Customhouse the other day, "that ought to be called the port of bottles. It lies very nearly midway between Cartagena, in Columbia, and Kingston, Jamaica, and at a guess I should say it was due east of Cape Gracias a Dios.

"It is out of the steamer tracks, and the action of the great currents going one way and another has left a space of stagnant water without any real movement at all. Anything that gets into the dead spot is apt to stay there unless driven out by some big storm, and will simply drift round and round, gathering seagrass and barnacles.

"The last time I saw the place was in 1895, when I was on board a tramp from Rio that had changed its course a little to take up some rubber at a Central American port. While we were passing through we noticed a floating spar, and among a lot of rubbish attached to it was a peculiar-looking round object, bright red in color. We put off a boat to investigate, and it proved to be a patent buoy, which had been set adrift from a Florida lighthouse station in 1893, and was part of a systematic attempt to ascertain the speed and direction of currents. Inside was an official memoranda, which was afterward returned to the Navy Department, with data of when and where found.

"But what is a good deal more interesting is the fact that while we were securing the buoy we discovered three bottles sticking in the drift, all covered with weeds and slime. One was empty and the other two had papers inside The first was a memoranda that the bottle had been dropped from a yacht off the Grand Cayman in, I think, the year 1892, and the other inclosure showed that it came from a ship bound for Montevideo, on what date I forget. In each case it was evidently the whim of some idle passenger, but it was a little odd that we should find the whole collection together. I noticed a lot of other driftwood in the same spot, and I am confident that no end of bottles could be culled from the place. Hundreds are dropped overboard every year, but very few escape being knocked to pieces unless they happen to find their way to some such a still place as I have described."

A Sectional Difference.

Hon. B. F. Grady, in a letter to the Wilson News, writes most interestingly of a difference between Southern public men of the old school and most Northern public men, that possesses a world of interest to students of our history and institutions. Says Mr. Grady:

That is a suggestive paragraph of yours that has been going the rounds, pointing out a difference between the Northerner, Admiral Dewey, and the Southerners, Generals Hampton and Gordon. The latter refuse to permit their admirers to erect for them new dwellings in place of those destroyed by fire, while the former gives directions to the committee in charge of the "Dewey Home Fund" to get everything ready so that he will need only "to walk in and order dinner."

If the history of the Southern people were written it would no doubt record many instances, besides that of George Washington, of devotion to duty and to principle without reward or the hope of reward, or the acceptance of reward when tendered. Nathaniel Macon served as a private soldier three years of the Revolutionary war, refusing to accept pay or promotion. (See Lives of Distinguished North Carolinians p. 85). Richard Caswell held the office of Governor of North Carolina "during the stormy and perilous period of 1776, 1777 and 1778," and refused any compensation for his services." (See Wheeler, 1, 90). And the daring band of North Carolina heroes who assisted in defeating Ferguson's forces at King's Mountain, turning the tide of war, and making Yorktown possible, did it "without pay, rations, or ammunition, or reward, or the hope of reward." (Wheeler, II, 98)

We are all familiar with "Warren's Address to the American Army"—a body of Massachusetts militia commanded by Col. Prescott,—with the Battle of Bunker Hill (which was fought on Breed's Hill), with the story of the "Mohawk Indians" who dumped the East India Company's tea into the sea, with Gov. Gage's pardon of all the Massachusetts rebels except John Hancock and Samuel Adams, &c., &c; but with the unselfish patriotism of our ancestors, with their uncalculating devotion to duty, with Sir Henry Clinton's offer of pardon to all North Carolina rebels except Cornelius Harnett and Robert Howe, with the refusal of Southern ex soldiers of the Revolution to have their names placed on Federal pension rolls, with that stern public sentiment in the South which compelled her leaders, under severe penalties, to obey the moral code of her loftiest ideals, with that respect for the true principles of representative government which forced at least four United States Senators, David Stone, W. H. Haywood, Bedford Brown, and Robert Strange, to resign their commissions, we are not so familiar.

The North has supplied us with school books, magazines, novels, newspapers, &c; with few exceptions the heroes whom we have been invited to emulate were Northerners; the famous exploits, real or fictitious, which stirred our youthful hearts—as Paul Revere's Ride—usually came to us from the North; and today our young men are turning their faces from the "old South" wherein honor was more precious than gold, and are exalting a "new South" wherein thrift promises to be one of the chief divinities.

Shall this state of things continue? Shall we permit our children to be taught to cast away the ideals of their fathers, and accept the imported gospel of selfishness? Let us hope for something better. Let us hope that the time is not far off when Southern school books, Southern periodicals, and Southern newspapers shall gather up and present to our people the scattered evidences of the courage, the patriotism, the exalted sense of duty, the fidelity to trusts, and the reverence for truth and justice which distinguished the "old South"; and when the proud consciousness of a noble ancestry shall be our incentive to a warmer love for our Southland and the cultivation of the highest civic and moral virtues.

Bobbitts' Chill Pills are the best. Cost less than any other chill and fever remedy, and they are guaranteed to cure, or your money back. Price 25c. per bottle. Druggists.

SYRUP OF FIGS
ACTS GENTLY ON THE
KIDNEYS, LIVER AND BOWELS
CLEANSES THE SYSTEM
DISPELS COLDS EFFECTUALLY, HEADACHES & FEVERS
OVERCOMES HABITUAL CONSTIPATION PERMANENTLY
TO GET ITS BENEFICIAL EFFECTS.
BUY THE GENUINE—MAN'F'D BY
CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP CO.
LOUISVILLE, KY. SAN FRANCISCO, CAL. NEW YORK, N.Y.
FOR SALE BY ALL DRUGGISTS. PRICE 50c. PER BOTTLE.

Boers a Race of Giants.

Howard C. Hillegas, in his book, "Oom Paul's People," says:

"It would be difficult to find anywhere an entire race of such physical giants as the Boers of the Transvaal and the Orange Free State. The roving existence, the life in the open air, and the freedom from disturbing cares, have combined to make the Boers a race that is almost physically perfect.

"If an average height of all the full-grown males in the country were taken, it would be found to be not less than 6 feet 2 inches, and probably more. Their physique, notwithstanding their comparatively idle mode of living, is magnificently developed.

"The action of the almost abnormally developed muscles of the arms and legs, discernible through their closely-fitting garments, gives an idea of the remarkable powers of endurance which the Boers have displayed on many occasions when engaged in native and other campaigns. They can withstand almost any amount of physical pain and discomfort, and can live a remarkably long time on the smallest quantity of food.

"It is a matter of common knowledge that a Boer can subsist on a 5-pound slice of 'biltong'—beef that has been dried in the sun until it is almost as hard as a stone—for 10 to 15 days without suffering any pangs of hunger. In time of war 'biltong' is the principal item in the army rations, and in peace, when he is following his flocks, it is also the Boer shepherd's chief article of diet."

Was Sorry He Spoke.

Atlanta Constitution.

It was an open "experience" meeting, and Brother Jones arose and said:

"Bretherin', I'm the man that put water in the milk!"

"An' I'm the man that drawed the water fer him," said Brother Brown, penitently.

"An' I'm the woman that milked the cow, and knowed all about it," sobbed Sister Jones.

"An' here's the man," said a loud voice from the rear, "that sold 'em the cow an' hain't got paid for it yit!"

Then Brother Jones was sorry he had spoken, and was overheard to mutter, as he reached for his hat, "Never did believe in these experience meetin's, nohow!"

Sheriff Burns Gets Over $3,000 Taxes.

The W. & W. R. R. Co., through its Agent here, Capt. R. A. Southerland, Friday paid over to Sheriff Geo. A. Burns $3,126.68, amount of taxes due Cumberland county for 1899. This is probably the largest payment ever made by one concern for taxes in the history of Cumberland county.

Every Month
there are thousands of women who nearly suffer death from irregular menses. Sometimes the "period" comes too often — sometimes not often enough—sometimes the flow is too scant, and again it is too profuse. Each symptom shows that Nature needs help, and that there is trouble in the organs concerned. Be careful when in any of the above conditions. Don't take any and every nostrum advertised to cure female troubles.
BRADFIELD'S FEMALE REGULATOR
is the one safe and sure medicine for irregular or painful menstruation. It cures all the ailments that are caused by irregularity, such as leucorrhœa, falling of the womb, nervousness; pains in the head, back, breasts, shoulders, sides, hips and limbs. By regulating the menses so that they occur every twenty-eighth day, all those aches disappear together. Just before your time comes, get a bottle and see how much good it will do you. Druggists sell it at $1.
Send for our free book, "Perfect Health for Women."
THE BRADFIELD REGULATOR CO.
ATLANTA, GA.

DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve
Cures Piles, Scalds, Burns.

Good for Fayetteville

The salient points in the following letter to the Manufacturers' Record, Baltimore, were given by that paper to the Associated Press and telegraphed all over the United States a day in advance of the publication of the letter itself. This was a valuable advertisement of our city, its advantages and progress.

FAYETTEVILLE, N. C., Oct'r 10.

Mr. W. M. Morgan, president, and Mr. Percy Gray, secretary, of the Cape Fear Power Co., are making arrangements to transmit electric-power to this place in the spring from their plant, twenty-five miles away. The various mills and industries located here agreed to take 2,000 horse-power from this source. An understanding was also had with our town authorities to light our city on very favorable terms with arc and incandescent lights.

There have been built here recently several large cotton mills and a silk mill. These were equipped with the latest improved steam powers, but owing to the wonderful advantages electricity possesses over either water or steam, these new steam fittings are to be virtually discarded and electrical power substituted. This will be furnished at only $15 per horse-power per year. A fair estimate of the cost of steam-power is $18 to $25 per horse-power in this section. While only about 2000 horse-power seems to be necessary here at present, it is safe to predict that within a very short time over double this amount will be employed here. Ample precautions have been taken by the Cape Fear Power Co. to prevent interceptions by floods, and the storage or lake system will be adopted to provide for any period of low wates. This latter will be of advantage to the navigation of our river, giving us water when it will be most needed by our boats. The advantage to Fayetteville of this new enterprise cannot be overestimated. This, added to our other attractions, will soon bring our city to the front rank of prosperous, up-to date places. Our water transportation gives us a great advantage in the matter of freight rates. A new railroad is heading for this place from attractive Southern Pines. They will open up to a connection with another great railway system, the Seaboard Air Line. Eight miles are already graded and partly crosstied. Fayetteville will one day be a great railroad center.

The Holt-Morgan Mill is constantly installing additional looms. This will soon be one of the best-equipped mills in the South. The Holt-Tolar Mills is is about completed and ready for its equipment of modern machinery.

The Hope Mills Co, is pushing the improvements and additions to its recent purchase, the Beaver Creek and Bluff Mill. The air-moistening system, sprinkling, steam heating and electric lighting and new looms and other machinery will be added at once.

The satisfactory price of cotton and lumber, the new tobacco interest, the boom in milling—all these combine to give this section and town renewed life. Let the good work go on.

Fayetteville will give a warm welcome to capital seeking profitable investment among us. The new silk mill has started to work. The company contemplates building another mill here very soon. Vice-President Hobart and John Wanamaker are said to be stockholders in this mill.

F. R. ROSE.

The Gold Supply.

A goldbug contemporary, discussing the effect of the Transvaal war upon the gold supply, says:

"There is much discussion of the failure of the customary annual addition to the world's gold supply by reason of the Transvaal war, but experts conclude that the shortage may not be very large after all. The average gold product of the world for the four years 1895-6-7-8 was $231,000,000. The estimated production of the present year, without the war, according to our Mint, is $320,000,000, so that, deducting $75,000,000 for the suspension of mining in the Transvaal on account of the war, there will be still left for the present year a production of $245,000,000, or $14,000,000 more than the average of the past four years. But up to the end of September the Transvaal had already produced $71,000,000, against $78,000 000 in the 12 months of 1898. The deficit for 1899, accordingly, may well turn out to be a little under $7,000,000, the comparison being made with the figures of 1898. There will, however, be an almost total cessation of shipment, if not of production, of gold from the Transvaal and Rhodesia for a few months. General Buller will hardly begin his advance on Pretoria, it is believed, before the first of December, and some months may be required to fight his way to the Boer capital. It will, therefore, be impossible with the present outlook to renew the production and shipments of gold before the end of April. An interruption of the supply for only six months is accordingly to be expected. But, as already shown, with an entire year's production of the Transvaal cut off, the world's product will still be over $10,000,000 more than the average for the four years ended with 1898."

It is noticeable that in this, as in all the discussions of the subject by the gold press, the assumption is manifest that a diminished supply of gold is something to be regretted. That is where our monometallist friends give themselves away. If the diminution of the world's supply of money by the demonetization of silver was a good thing, then a still further diminution by the restriction of the gold output would only add to the blessing. If not, why not?

Did it Ever Occur to You that a little Perry Davis' Pain-Killer on the end of the finger applied once or twice to a mosquito bite would counteract the poison and speedily reduce the swelling? Pain Killer will also cure bites and stings of other poisonous insects as well as reptiles. See directions as to use upon wrapper on each bottle. Avoid substitutes, there is but one Pain Killer, Perry Davis'. Price 25c. and 50c.

"It did me more good than anything I ever used. My dyspepsia was of months' standing; after eating it was terrible Now I am well," writes S. B. Keener, Holsington, Kansas, of Kodol-Dyspepsia Cure. It digests what you eat.
King Bros.

One Minute Cough Cure, cures Put is what it was made for.

How To Gain Flesh

Persons have been known to gain a *pound a day* by taking an ounce of SCOTT'S EMULSION. It is strange, but it often happens.

Somehow the ounce produces the pound; it seems to start the digestive machinery going properly, so that the patient is able to digest and absorb his ordinary food, which he could not do before, and that is the way the gain is made.

A certain amount of flesh is necessary for health; if you have not got it you can get it by taking

Scott's Emulsion

You will find it just as useful in summer as in winter, and if you are thriving upon it don't stop because the weather is warm.

50c. and $1.00, all druggists.
SCOTT & BOWNE, Chemists, New York.

Death of Mr. Hyman.

Mr. Wm. P. B. Hyman died on the 18th inst., at New Orleans, aged 27. He was a nephew of Mrs. James Strange of this city.

Mr. Hyman was well known and had many friends here, his last visit being in July, when he looked the picture of health. The knowledge of his death only reached here to-day and caused great surprise and sorrow.

Robbed the Grave.

A startling incident, of which Mr. John Oliver, of Philadelphia, was the subject, is narrated by him as follows: "I was in a most dreadful condition. My skin was almost yellow, eyes sunken, tongue coated, pain continually in back and sides, no appetite—gradually growing weaker day by day. Three physicians had given me up. Fortunately, a friend advised trying 'Electric Bitters;' and to my great joy and surprise, the first bottle made a decided improvement. I continued their use for three weeks, and am now a well man. I know they saved my life, and robbed the grave of another victim." No one should fail to try them. Only 50 cts. a bottle at B. E. Sedberry & Son's drug store.

PROFESSIONAL CARDS.

EDWIN R. MacKETHAN,
Attorney and Counsellor,
FAYETTEVILLE, N. C.

DR. W. S. ANDERSON,
WILSON, N. C.
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Eye, Ear, Nose & Throat
Office at the Wilson Drug Co.'s, Tarboro street. Office hours 9 to 12 a. m; 2 to 4 p. m.

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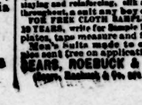
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DENTISTS,
Northeast Corner Market Square,
FAYETTEVILLE, N. C
April 29, 1880.

DR. G. B. PATTERSON. DR. J. S. BETTS
DRS. PATTERSON & BETTS,
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OFFICE: Over Bank of Fayetteville,
FAYETTEVILLE, N. C.
Offer their services to the citizens of Fayetteville and surrounding country.

H. McD. Robinson, Notary Public. John G. Shaw.
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ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW,
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Practice in all the courts—State and Federal. Special attention given to collection of claims, management of estates and conveyancing.
A member of the firm will always be found at office during office hours. Office hours 8:30 A. M. to 6 P. M.

CITY LUMBER YARD.
EUGENE T. WATSON
Dealer in Rough and Finished
LUMBER,
Flooring, Ceiling, Weatherboards,
Door and Window-Casings, and all kinds of Mouldings, also Shingles, Laths, Lime and Hair.

$1.98 BUYS A $3.50 SUIT

KING CELEBRATED "NEVERWEAROUT" DOUBLE SEAT AND KNEE, REGULAR $3.50 BOYS' TWO-PIECE KNEE PANTS SUITS AT $1.98
A NEW SUIT FREE FOR ANY OF THESE SUITS WHICH DON'T GIVE SATISFACTORY WEAR.
SEND NO MONEY; our tailor will take measurements and send to us, state age and any whether large or small for age and we will send you the suit by express, C. O. D. subject to examination. You can examine it at your express office and if found perfectly satisfactory and equal to sales and in your town for $3.50, pay your express agent our Special Offer Price, $1.98 and express charges.
THESE KNEE PANT SUITS are for boys 4 to 15 years of age and are retailed everywhere at $3.50. Made with DOUBLE SEAT and KNEES, latest 1900 style as illustrated, made from 6 ounce all wool heavy weight, fancy cassimere, all-around Stanton Crookmore, neat, handsome pattern, fine Italian lining, canvas facings, best interlining, strong and reliable, with and three sewing, fine tailor-made throughout a suit any boy or parent would be proud of. FOR FREE CLOTH SAMPLES of Boys' Clothing for 4 to 20 YEARS, write for them to-day; no. 632, contains fashion plates, tape measure and full instructions how to order. Men's Suits made to order from $3.98 up. Samples sent free on application. Address
SEARS, ROEBUCK & CO. (Inc.), Chicago, Ill.
(Sears, Roebuck & Co. are thoroughly reliable—Editor.)

THE OBSERVER.

THURSDAY.....NOVEMBER 2, 1899

E. J HALE, Editor and Proprietor.

E. J. HALE, Jr., General Business Mang'r

Established in 1825 by E. J. Hale, Sr.

FAYETTEVILLE N. C.

FOR PRESIDENT OF THE UNITED STATES IN 1900.

WILLIAM J. BRYAN.

"Where the gold Democrats are numerically weak they will profess to accept the platform, but will oppose every plan that is calculated to bring success to the platform."
—William J. Bryan to National Committeeman C. S. Thomas, of Colorado.

From Tuesday's Daily.

PROGRESS OF THE WAR IN AFRICA.

Our dispatches yesterday afternoon brought news of the beginning of the Boers' assault on Ladysmith, where the British army is concentrated. After the battle of Talana Hill, where Symons gained his brilliant victory and also received his death wound, the British commander-in-chief, General Sir George Stewart White, withdrew Symons's army, then under command of General Yule, from the Dundee, Glencoe and Talana Hill country, and caused them to join his own reserve force at Ladysmith, some forty miles south. The Boers sought to establish themselves at Elandslaaghte, a station on the railway between Glencoe and Ladysmith, with a view to intercepting Yule and preventing his junction with White. The latter, however, taking the offensive, defeated the Boers at Elandslaaghte, thus opening the way for Yule, whose army, footsore after a forced march, reached Ladysmith the latter part of the week just past.

Meanwhile the Boer Commander-in-chief, General Joubert, has been concentrating all his available forces upon Ladysmith, and yesterday morning's dispatches to the New York Herald announced their arrival before that post 30,000 strong. Against this formidable array, the British commander is said to have an army of 20,000 of all arms, a force sufficient if the Boers were Spaniards or uncivilized folk, but inadequate for offensive operations in a large way against such formidable fighters as they. It is probable, therefore, that the British will confine themselves to the defense of Ladysmith until the arrival of General Buller, with the powerful reinforcements which are following him. Buller was expected to reach Cape Town yesterday. The London war office said, up to our going to press yesterday, that he had not then arrived. A Paris cable, however, declared that he had arrived and had been immediately assassinated—which is probably not true.

That was the situation up to this morning, so far as we know, the incidents of the opening of the battle, as reported, being unimportant. Our afternoon dispatches will no doubt bring us news of a great battle during yesterday, if, indeed, the morning telegrams have not anticipated them.

General White is an old Indian campaigner of many years' experience, and it is probable that he will display great tactical skill in delivering those counterstrokes upon an investing force which are the chief reliance of bold defenders. On the other hand, the Boer commander is a veteran of a high degree of skill, and his troops are not only renowned marksmen and well equipped, but feel themselves thrice armed with their cause.

The outcome will be watched with absorbing interest by the whole world, as well as by military students.

From Wednesday's Daily.

THE BRITISH REVERSE.

After yesterday's editorial on the "Progress of the War in South Africa" had been printed and just before our going to press on the "outside" of that issue, the press dispatches, delayed by the storm, brought us news of the "terrible defeat of the British" at the battle of Ladysmith. The inference was natural that the news was the summing up of the result of the battle which our Monday's dispatches, under date of that day (October 30) from Ladysmith, said had then begun. It will be remembered also that the dispatches of the same date (October 30) reported a rumor received in Berlin from Holland that the whole British army at Ladysmith had surrendered and were prisoners of war.

It is possible now, with receipt of more detailed information, to understand just what happened. It seems that General White, pursuing his tactics of counterstrokes from his line of defense, had on Sunday night or early Monday sent the Irish Fusileers and the Gloucester regiment with seven pieces of artillery to the left, to clear that flank by a bold attack such as Symons had made successfully at Talana Hill. The Boers, however, had profited by their experience, and simply enveloped this force with an overwhelming force and "took them in," as used to be said in our Confederate war.

General White is, therefore, nearly 2,000 men worse off than on Monday, and his army has lost that much of prestige, which has passed to the Boers. The progress of the investment of Ladysmith will appear in our telegraphic and news columns.

The Boers are proving that they are good strategists as well as brave fighters. It is sad to reflect how inferior their ultimate resources are to their patriotism and courage.

They Judge By Their Own Standard.

The McKinleyites (Republican and "Democratic"), failing to pierce Mr. Bryan's strong armor of dignity and uprightness with any other shaft, have resorted anew to the old canard about his receiving pay for his speeches. Mr. Bryan has, in the main, passed this by contemptuously, the circulators of the story being either unknown or irresponsible scribblers. He has been quick to act, however, the moment a responsible man was connected with the slander. A special dispatch to the Philadelphia Record, of the 26th of October, from Humboldt, Nebraska, says this:

Just before his speech at Falls City to-day William J. Bryan was shown Senator Hanna's statement that Mr. McLean propably paid him for coming to Ohio, and was asked if it were true.

"No," said Mr. Bryan: "I paid my fare to Kentucky and back from Ohio, and I did not receive, nor will I receive, a cent for speeches, or anything, in either State from anybody. Mr. Hanna has become so accustomed to measuring everything by money that he cannot conceive of anyone doing anything except for cash in hand."

Here is s specimen of the way the country press aids Hanna's purpose. Says one of those papers in North Carolina:

"Why should any one take exception to the fact, as announced, that Colonel Bryan demanded payment in advance for the speech he made the other day at Canton, Ohio. It has not been claimed that there was objection to paying the money demanded; only that it should not have been exacted in advance. The inference is that kickers complain because people who heard the speech had to put up their money without knowing what they were going to get. But this is a false premise, as no one has ever claimed, since Bryan's advance payment speechmaking rear-end platform tour throughout the Middle West in 1896, that when Bryan was scheduled for a speech the audience did not know just what was coming."

The British Commander.

Gen. Sir Redvers Buller who has been appointed to the command of all the British troops in South Africa is expected to arrive at Cape Town to-day.

He sailed from Southampton, England, on a fast ship October 14. For some time to come he will occupy a large share of the world's attention.

General Buller is a stern man—often he has been called a military despot. But there is no doubt of his ability and courage as a soldier, which has been amply demonstrated in past campaigns. The story of how he won his Victoria cross illustrates his bravery.

It was in the battle against the Zulus on the Inhlodne Mountain, March 28, 1879, that he did the deeds for which the cross is the reward. Finding a soldier who had been isolated from his comrades and hemmed in by the Zulus, Buller, sword and pistol in hand, dashed into the midst of a cloud of blacks and rescued him. Then, once on its becoming necessary to withdraw from a position, it was Buller who covered the retreat with a little band of seven men and Lieutenant Everett. Four of the men were killed. The Lieutenant's horse was struck down, and his rider would have fallen into the hands of the Zulus had he not been rescued by Buller, who took him up behind him on his own horse. Later in the day Buller saved yet a third comrade. Captain D'Arcay, who, having lost his horse, was trying to outrun the advancing Zulus. They had gotten within a hundred feet of him, when Buller galloped back and took him up behind him.

FAMOUS REPROOF OF CAREY.

Anything approaching cowardice calls for Buller's unmeasured scorn. When Lieutenant Carey reported to him the death of the French prince imprial, who had been in Carey's charge, but whom Carey abandoned to his fate at the hands of the Zulus, Buller inquired of the Lieutenant:

"But how comes it, sir, that you are still alive?"

Carey was acquitted by court martial of the charge of cowardice. But he was ostracized by his fellow-officers.

In the Boer war of 1881 General Buller, with no better fortune than Sir Evelyn Wood, arrived on the scene when it was practically all over. He thus had no chance of service.

But it is upon the Egyptian expedition of 1882-84 and the Nile campaign of the two following years that the fame of General Buller principally rests. He took part in the great battle of Tel-el-Kebir. His name was again in the dispatches, and he was decorated for his services. In the Soudan campaign of 1884 he commanded the First Infantry Brigade and was second in command of the expedition. At El Teb and Tamai it was Buller's coolness and skill at a critical moment that did much to save the situation. For distinguished service he was promoted to be major general and later to lieutenant-general.

TRIUMPHS IN NILE CAMPAIGN.

Sir Redvers' triumphs were yet greater in the Nile campaign. He was chief of staff in those days. Wolseley already knew his sterling quality, and so he was sent to Metemmeh after Herbert Stewart had been killed at Gakdul. Buller was to bring the hard pressed column back to Korti, and he did it in triumph. That march across the Bayuda Desert from Gubat will live as a military achievement. In his defeat of the enemy at Abu Klea Wells, February 16 and 17, and in the conduct of the evacuation of Dongola Province, Buller had other opportunities which proved his worth.

General Buller will be 60 years old December 7 next. He comes of Devonshire stock, his father having been a country gentleman in that part of England. Since 1858 he has been in the army.

"If you scour the world you will never find a remedy equal to One Minute Cough Cure," says Editor Fackler, of the Micanopy, Fla, "Hustler." It cured his family of LaGrippe and saves thousands from pneumonia, bronchitis, croup and all throat and lung troubles. King Bros.

STATE OF OHIO, CITY OF TOLEDO, } ss.
LUCAS COUNTY.

FRANK J. CHENEY makes oath that he is the senior partner of the firm of F. J. CHENEY & Co., doing business in the City of Toledo, County and State aforesaid, and that said firm will pay the sum of ONE HUNDRED DOLLARS for each and every case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by the use of HALL'S CATARRH CURE.
FRANK J. CHENEY

Sworn to before me and subscribed in my presence, this 6th day of December, A. D. 18.6.

SEAL. A. W. GLEASON, *Notary Public.*

Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally and acts directly on the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Send for testimonials free.
F. J. CHENEY & Co., Toledo, O.
☞ Sold by Druggists, 25c.
Hall's Family Pills are the best.

CHAIRMAN SIMMONS DELIVERS A STAGGERING BLOW TO A McKINLEY DEMOCRAT.

The chairman of the Johnston county Democratic executive committee has written a letter to Chairman Simmons informing him that McKinley's henchmen in those parts are circulating the Asheville Gazette as a Democratic journal, notwithstanding it is filled with articles opposing the Democratic Constitutional Amendment, and asking to be informed whether or not it is a Democratic journal—in other words, whether it really be what it claims to be. Mr. Simmons recites the facts of an investigation made by the Asheville Citizen and then proceeds with these just and ringing words:

A few years ago the present editor of the Gazette moved to North Carolina, located in Asheville and purchased The Asheville Gazette. The Gazette was then a Democratic paper, and the new editor continued up to the time hereinafter mentioned to publish it as such. During the last campaign it claimed to to be a Democratic paper, and advocated in a general way, Democratic principles, though it manifested throughout the campaign a suspicious leaning to Richmond Pearson, the rich Republican candidate for Congress, as against the Democratic candidate, Mr. Crawford, who is a poor man. During the session of the Legislature of 1899, it supported the policy of our party in that body, and advocated the adoption by it of the Amendment. After the Amendment had passed that body, it advocated its ratification by the people at the polls. It continued thus to advocate the Amendment until a few months ago and about the time Senator Pritchard is reputed to have received a large anti Amendment fund from Mr. Mark Hanna. About that time the editor of The Gazette made a pilgrimage to Marshall, the home of Senator Pritchard and spent the most of the day closely closeted with the Senator. Almost immediately upon his return from this conference to Asheville, the Gazette, without any previous announcement of any change of conviction upon the subject, and without any change either in management or editor, came out in violent and rabid opposition and denunciation of the Amendment. Notwithstanding this sudden and remarkable change of base, made under the circumstances stated, the Gazette continued to assert that it was a Democratic paper. Shocked at such a display of inconsistency and apparent hypocrisy, the Asheville Citizen made an investigation "into the whys and wherefores," and as a result, published the article above quoted. Since then The Citizen has repeated and reiterated openly and above board and without any qualifications, the charge of sale and stipulated duplicitly, and to this charge The Gazette has never made, I am informed, any direct or adequate denial. Before its sale to the Republican "bosses," The Gazette was a local paper, with a very limited circulation, scarcely known beyond the community in which it was published. Suddenly after the sale it begun to circulate largely throughout the State. It appeared regularly on the tables of Republican politicians everywhere. Republican post masters, store-keepers, gaugers, and Deputy Collectors began poking copies of it in people's faces, and to represent it as a "Simon pure" Democratic sheet, edited by a Democrat too conscientious to support the Amendment.

Undoubtedly, any newspaper has a right to change its political affiliations at the will of its editor or owners, but when this is done, honesty, as understood in North Carolina, requires a public announcement of the change. Undoubtedly, a newspaper can, if so disposed, sell its opinions for gold. There is no law against it, but to do so is regarded, at least in North Carolina, as both low and base. There is no sort of doubt that The Asheville Gazette is now being edited under Republican auspices, and that it is not only a Republican paper, seeking in every way possible to serve Republican interest in North Carolina, but that it is the State organ of the Republican party, receiving its daily inspiration from Holton, Pritchard and Pearson. Its pretence of being a Democratic paper is a miserable fraud upon the public, and its attempt to pass itself off as a Democratic paper is a part of a wretched scheme, deliberately concocted by the Republican managers to deceive the people concerning the object and effect of the Amendment. This despicable scheme illustrates perfectly the plan of campaign the Republican leaders and bosses propose to make against the Amendment. The people of North Carolina hate treachery and despise a spy, and I am glad you have, by your inquiries, given me this opportunity to tear away the false colors under which the Gazette is sailing, and expose to the gaze of fair minded men of all parties the miserable sham.

Yours truly,
F. M. SIMMONS,
Chairman.

The Penalty of Concessions to Traitors.

The Atlanta Journal contains the following editorial, though not under the above heading:

The bolt of a large number of the gold Democrats of Maryland is inexplicable and inexcusable.

The conservative element of the party in that state won a decided victory in confining the platform to state issues. No mention whatever is made of the currency question, and there is not one word in the platform which any gold Democrat should not fully endorse. The candidates who have been put on this platform are all good men and the candidate for governor has been consistently a sound money advocate.

And yet so many sound money Democrats have flown the party track that Democratic defeat is seriously threatened. One of the organs of the bolters says that with the Democratic ticket these sound money Democrats have no fault to find. Nor do they take exception to anything contained in the platform of their party. But they know the significance of the omission of a financial declaration from that platform. They are aware that the party is not ready to throw free silver overboard and come out for the gold standard. They understand that the silence of the state convention on silver was "in deference to the dominant principles and policies of the Democratic party of the nation." They are aware, and they say it in their address, that "a victory by the Democratic party in Maryland upon a platform ignoring the financial question, and therefore framed in the interest of the Democratic party of the nation, must give encouragement to the advocates of a depreciated currency and a blow to the business interests of the country."

This is a very weak showing. It was well known that any declaration for or against free silver coinage would cause a split in the ranks of the party and the convention wisely made no allusion to that issue. By doing so, it hoped to solidify the Democracy on state issues and thus redeem Maryland from the misrule and corruption of the present Republican administration. And yet it may be that this noble purpose will be defeated by the bull headed conduct of a few impracticables.

A Review of the War.

Review of Reviews)

The war between England and the Transvaal, which for three years the London stock jobbers and the British jingoes have been shrewdly planning and unceasingly provoking, began on October 11. It will hold over into the last year of the nineteenth century, and many will be ready to call it without exception the most discreditable of all the armed struggles that have marked the century from one end to the other.

Neither side is right in resorting to wholesale bloodshed. Both sides must be heavy losers by the combat, no matter what may be the immediate outcome. The people of the Transvaal would say that they are fighting for the maintenance of their independence. But their independence has in reality long depended mainly upon the acquiescence of Great Britain, and has had no other stable basis. The ready and truthful answer is, therefore, that to fight against Great Britain for the independence of the Transvaal is—as a practical proposition—the one sure way to lose independence.

As soon as President Kruger's Government appealed to arms, it became as certain as anything that has not yet happened can well be that President Kruger's little republic would within a year be part of the British Empire. Since the development of the gold mines certain important British interests have coveted the Transvaal, and it has been wholly probable that in the due course of time the inhabitants would become so predominantly people of British origin that a political transfer would come about by natural gravitation so to speak. A statesmanlike policy on the part of President Kruger and the South African Republic would have been to smooth the way for the inevitable transitions of the future, and to take the broad view of the destiny of South Africa.

A TRUMPED-UP QUESTION.

While all this is perfectly true, it makes the behavior of the British Government the more inexcusable. The so-called Transvaal question has been purely trumped up. There has been no real ground of dispute on Great Britain's part with President Kruger's Government. England has demanded a variety of things relating to the internal administration of a country which had the fullest right to order its internal affairs according to its own preferences. Without acknowledging the right of England to raise any questions as to internal taxation, naturalization, school administration and the like, the Transvaal has nevertheless permitted itself to discuss such questions for several years, and has made very considerable concessions for the sake of avoiding, if possible, a conflict with an irresistibly powerful opponent. But Mr. Chamberlain, as British Colonial Secretary, has ingeniously changed his demands from time to time.

Certain large stock market interests also have systematically maintained a propaganda for stirring up the English people. Their theme has been the suffering of British subjects in the gold mining districts through the oppressive conduct of the Boer Government. We have repeatedly discussed these grievances and have pointed out their absurdity and their falsity. The British subjects in the Transvaal are there temporarily, for the most part. They have never had the slightest idea of giving up their British citizenship and becoming naturalized subjects of the Transvaal Republic. Yet England for months had been preparing for war on a most elaborate scale, with no pretext that any one could give except that President Kruger was not willing to make the term of years requisite for naturalization quite as short as Mr. Chamberlain thought it ought to be. Never before has so preposterous an excuse been given for military preparations, so far as we have read history.

WARLIKE PREPARATIONS.

Discussion of this subject seemed to be bringing it to a point where the insistent Chamberlain could not have the face to do anything else except admit that the Boers had yielded enough. But late in September it was suddenly announced that negotiations would be discontinued and that the British Government would, without consulting the Transvaal at all, formulate a set of proposals which it would offer virtually as an ultimatum. At the same time the British Government began to disclose fresh preparations for war in South Africa on a scale that could have only one meaning. Reinforcements were being sent not only from the British army in India, but also from England. A call was issued for enlistments to fill up the regiments, and it was declared that authority would be sought to call out a corps of English reserves. Meanwhile about 15,000 British troops already in South Africa were being massed near the borders of the Transvaal.

There was no attempt made in England to conceal the fact that the new demands that were to be made on the Transvaal Government were being held back in order that England might have the more time in which to complete gigantic preparations for enforcing her demands if they were not accepted. Such conduct toward a great power, of course, could mean nothing but war. But in dealing with so minutely insignificant a power as the Transvaal, England proceeded on the assumption that the show of force, instead of provoking war, might teach the Boers that England meant business, and thus bring submission.

But the Transvaal Government acted precisely as a larger power would have done. The British Government was informed that the massing of troops along the frontier was regarded as a menace, and that if England did not at once cease to send more troops there and did not proceed to withdraw those already so placed, besides giving assurance that the regiments which had been embarked and were on the seas would not be landed in South Africa, the Government of the Transvaal would consider that England, by virtue of those acts, intended war. It was added that the Transvaal would regard a state of war actually existing unless a satisfactory response was received by 5 o'clock on the following day.

The English press almost unanimously pronounced this the most unheard-of aggressiveness and an act of criminal folly. Yet it was in its form a perfectly correct position and not in the least too peremptory. It was just such an answer as any nation, so situated that it could afford to fight for its independence, would certainly have made under like circumstances.

A HYPOTHETICAL PARALLEL.

The aggression had been wholly on England's part. A hypothetical parallel will illustrate the point. We have lately been discussing the matter of a boundary line between our Alaskan coast strip and Canada. Let us suppose that while the negotiations were pending we had, without the least pretense of covering up our plans or intentions, informed the world that we were protracting the negotiations simply in order to give us time to put 500,000 men along the Canadian boundary line, our entire navy being held in readiness to occupy Canadian seaports. Our next step would be to repudiate and break off pending negotiations, and then to formulate a wholly new set of territorial claims, with various other demands upon Canada, as to tariffs and the like. If these claims were not instantly admitted our programme would be to attack Canada all along the line in order to abate or avenge the grievances of our fellow Americans in the Klondike and other districts.

The idea is too absurd to be amplified further. Yet this is exactly the way in which England has been carrying on what she has been pleased to call "negotiations" with the Transvaal. The intention was either to secure the consent of the Transvaal Government to English dictation in matters of internal policy, or else—what was really hoped for by some who are influential in the shaping of British policy—to provoke the Boers into fighting for their rights, which would give England the desired opportunity to take their country. This last thing is what has happened.

Manchester Items.

MANCHESTER, N. C., Oct'r 31, '99.

Most people, Bon Ami included, think that a school teacher has an unlimited amount of unappropriated time at her disposal; so the folks here say that we must continue the dual occupation of teacher and correspondent while sojourning at Manchester. With many thanks to Bon Ami for the privilege and with apologies for taking advantage of it, we send you the following:

Mrs. David Fairley is visiting Mr. and Mrs. Murchison Fairley, in Fayetteville.

Miss Isabel Fairley has gone to Tarboro, where she will spend the winter at the home of her brother, Mr. Alex. Fairley.

Miss Kate Fairly is teaching in Wilmington.

Mrs. Kilgo, of Bennettsville, S. C., spent several days with her niece, Mrs. O. A. Waddell, last week.

Miss Nannie Fairley will return from Red Springs, where she has been visiting, to-day.

Miss Lutie Murchison returned on Saturday from a visit to relatives at Summerville. She will go to Wilmington to-morrow, where she will spend some time with many relatives and friends. Through her influence and help the choir of the Presbyterian church here was recently organized The meetings are held every Friday night at the hospitable home of Mr. and Mrs. John F. Clarke.

Mr. Neill Black, the enterprising lumber manufacturer of this place, shipped five car loads of lumber to various points North on last Thursday. Such shipments as this are common occurrences at Manchester.

Mr. John McFarland and sons have recently rebuilt the bridge across the river, formerly known as the McArthur bridge. This will be a great convenience to Mr. McFarland and others going to Fayetteville from his neighborhood.

Rev. J. S. Black will be installed pastor of Flat Branch Church on Thursday, the 9th of November.

There will be communion services at the Church of the Covenant here on next Sunday, preparatory services beginning on Thursday.

Miss Kate Monroe will leave the first of November to take charge of a school near Roslin.

Master Thomas Monroe, whose sight was very defective, has been entered at the Deaf, Dumb and Blind Institute at Raleigh.

During the visit here of Mrs. W. J. McDiarmid, of Red Springs, the following party picknicked at McFadyen Spring: Mrs. David Fairley, Mrs. W. J. McDiarmid, Mrs. Fannie Monroe, the Mesdames Bullard, Misses Janie and Mary McDiarmid, Janie Fairley, Kate Monroe, Eloise McGill and Mr. Alex. McDiarmid. We enjoyed the toothsome edibles, sitting around the table(?) in true Oriental fashion; we told and laughed over stories both probable and otherwise, and we drank the water which Dr. McDuffie of your town declares is the best in the State.

As may have been already surmised, the great and erying need at Manchester is for young men. But we women visit, sew, gossip—*of course*—go to church, Sunday School and choir practice and have a gay and festive time generally. We had expected to have a Hallowe'en party tonight, when various charms, tricks and games of fortune were to be tried in protest against the fate now staring us in the face; but the rain has joined the conspiracy of the *Sisters Three* for the overthrow of the plan, so there is nothing left us but to decide "kismet!"

SCOTCH LASSIE.

THE LATE MRS. NIMOCKS.

"A life of beauty lends to all it sees
The beauty of its thought—"

And when the beautiful life ceases to be with us, we ever wish to pay it some small tribute; therefore we desire to place on record something of the virtues and excellence of the late Mrs. R. M. Nimocks, though we realize that no eulogy our pen could indite would be worthy of her—But as

"We bent one day o'er her coffined form,
And our tears fell softly down;
We looked our last on the tender face,
With its smile of peace, its patient grace
And hair like a golden crown—"

we thought of all she had been to every one who had ever known her, and we knew that the close of such a life as hers should not pass unnoticed.

As has already been stated in the Observer, she was the oldest daughter of Mr. John Culbreth and his second wife, Miss Jane Currie. Had she lived till the 31st of October, she would have been forty years of age. One brother and one sister, Mr. John H. Culbreth and Mrs. R. L. Holland, with her husband and six children survive her. All of her life, up to two years ago, was spent in Fayetteville. At that time the family removed to Wilmington, where they resided until about six weeks prior to Mrs. Nimocks's death, when she was brought home with the hope that the tender care and loving ministration of her kindred and friends might at least prolong her life; but God's decrees, His eternal purposes are unchangeable, so on Thursday morning, the 19th of October, the call came to which she was ready to respond. It is a beautiful time to go home—in the morning—ere the heat of the noontime oppresses, or the evening's lengthening shadows portend the coming night. The nurse who attended Mrs. Nimocks during her illness declares this to have been the most beautiful death she had ever witnessed. Her parting words to her children and kindred were peculiarly tender, and her sweet voice was as unfaltering as her sublime trust as she sang "Jesus lover of my soul" and other hymns expressive of a Christian's faith. And so having accomplished her mission here more faithfully and perfectly than most do, her pure spirit forsook its tenement of clay and flew on the wings of the morning to the Refuge 'neath "the shadow of His wing"—

"The gospel of a life like hers
Is more than books or scrolls—"

And now that she has gone home, viewing her character calmly and dispassionately, we can truthfully say: something has gone which this age of superficiality cannot reproduce, for she was more nearly perfect than any woman we have ever known. In addition to rare personal beauty, God loved her and gave her a beautiful soul. There was ever the gentle word in season, the honest counsel in doubt, the unfailing cheerfulness which made her disposition so genially lovable and the truthfulness—what a rare gem it is!—that was as unwavering as her faith. Of her charity the many who knew it by personal contact could testify that it was gracious and unstinted. Yea, the world is better because she was allowed to tarry here a little while. She always stood the test, in every relation of life. Sunshine and shadow, joy and sorrow, trial, temptation and all the attacking forces which are ever assailing us could not shake the firm foundations of her character. The "strong white light" that plays upon high position could discover no flaw in it; neither could the shadow of adverse circumstances obscure the brightness of its beauty, for is not "the peak that is nearest the storm clouds, nearest the stars of light?"

And so we leave her,

"Beautiful in her holy peace as one
Who stands, at evening, when the work is done,
Glorified in the setting of the sun!"

SCOTCH LASSIE.

Red Springs Items.

Red Springs, Oct. 31, 1899.

Rev. C. F. Rankin left yesterday for Richmond, Va., and expects to return with his family Wednesday. Mrs. Rankin spent the summer with her father in Richmond, and we will be glad to have her with us again.

The elegant residences of W. H. Sikes, S. R. Townsend and Dr. Frank McMillan will soon be completed and add a great deal to the appearance of the town.

There are about 250 Seminary students.

Prof. Henry Austin Clappe the distinguished lecturer on Shakespeare made his second visit to the Seminary October 26-27th and delighted and instructed large cultured audiences.

Miss Nora Wright, daughter of Milton Wright who recently moved his family from near Floral College to this town for educational advantages, died last week after three weeks illness.

Several of our citizens are at Lumberton court this week.

Methodist Conference here last Saturday and Sunday, Dr. Moore, presiding elder, present. Rev. E. Pope reports his circuit in fine condition, about 70 additions this year.

The Red Springs Record bought the Red Springs Citizen outfit last week.

At the morning and night services last Sunday the collections for Presbyterian Ladies' Missionary Society 20th Century fund were $20. The women are a noble band of workers.

The papers are mistaken when they say the Fayetteville Juniors played the Senior team here last Friday, as the best players took no part, and some played who never played a match game before—one had played only one game, another had never played before, just taught the signals a few minutes before entering the game. So far as I can learn no undue advantage was taken of the visitors who played a plucky game for youths, and we hope no hard feelings may result from the game, as the two towns are on such friendly terms.

It is highly probable that the cadets will play a match game in Fayetteville during the Fair with a Wilmington team. They will play Lumber Bridge next Saturday. Many of our people will probably attend Fayetteville fair—no fairs at Maxton or Lumberton this year.

LATER.

The storm is somewhat milder now, but the wind was very high last night and much rain fell. Many trees down—it is so rainy I have not gotten out to see what damage is done except the Episcopal church is a perfect wreck—it blew down and tore to pieces.

MOZLEY'S LEMON ELIXIR.
Regulates the Liver, Stomach, Bowels and Kidneys

For biliousness, constipation and malaria.
For indigestion, sick and nervous headache.
For sleeplessness, nervousness and heart failure.
For fever, chills, debility and kidney diseases, take Lemon Elixir.
Ladies, for natural and thorough organic regulation, take Lemon Elixir.
50c. and $1 bottles at druggists.
Prepared only by Dr. H. Mozley, Atlanta, Ga.

A Prominent Minister Writes.

After ten years of great suffering from indigestion with great nervous prostration, biliousness, disordered kidneys and constipation, I have been cured by Dr. Mozley's Lemon Elixir, and am now a well man. REV. C. C. DAVIS,
Eld. M. E. Church South.
No. 28 Tatnall St., Atlanta, Ga.

A Prominent Memphian Writes.

DR. H. MOZLEY, Atlanta:—Having been a great sufferer for three years from indigestion, and been treated by many physicians, who failed to give me any relief. Continuing to grow worse my brother advised me to try Dr. Mozley's Lemon Elixir, which remedy he had used for several years. I commenced its use, and must say that your Lemon Elixir is the greatest medicine on earth. I have never suffered a day since I commenced using Lemon Elixir. R. L. ROCCO,
206 Hernando St., Memphis, Tenn.

A Card.

This is to certify that I used Dr Mozley's Lemon Elixir for neuralgia of the head and eyes with the most marked benefit to my general health. I would gladly have paid $500 for the relief it has given me at a cost of two or three dollars.
H. A. BEALL,
Clerk Superior Court Randolph Co., Ga.
dly sat & wkly

$1.95 BUYS A $3.50 SUIT
2,000 CELEBRATED "KANTWEAROUT" double seat and double knee. Regular $3.50 Boys' 2-Piece Knee-Pant Suits going at $1.95.
A NEW SUIT FREE for any of these suits which don't give satisfactory wear.
Send No Money. Cut this Ad. out and send to us, state age of boy and say whether large or small for age, and we will send you the suit by express, C.O.D., subject to examination. You can examine it at your express office and if found perfectly satisfactory and equal to suits sold in your town for $3.50, pay your express agent our special offer, $1.95 and express charges.
THESE KNEE-PANT SUITS are for boys from 4 to 15 years of age, and are retailed everywhere at $2.50. Made with double seat and knees, latest 1899 style as illustrated, made from a special wear-resisting, heavyweight, ALL-WOOL Cutwell cassimere, neat, handsome pattern, the serge lining, Cayuga patent interlining, padding, stay and reinforcing, silk and linen sewing, fine hair-cloth breast, a suit any boy or parent would be proud of. FOR FREE CLOTH SAMPLES of Boys' Clothing for Sample Book No. 906, contains fashion plates, tape measure and full instructions how to order.
Men's Suits and Overcoats made to order from $3.00 up. Samples sent free on application.
Address
SEARS, ROEBUCK & CO. (Inc.), Chicago, Ill.
(Sears, Roebuck & Co. are thoroughly reliable.—Editor.)

CASTORIA

for Infants and Children.

The Kind You Have Always Bought has borne the signature of Chas. H. Fletcher, and has been made under his personal supervision for over 30 years. Allow no one to deceive you in this. Counterfeits, Imitations and "Just-as-good" are but Experiments, and endanger the health of Children—Experience against Experiment.

The Kind You Have Always Bought
Bears the Signature of
Chas. H. Fletcher.
In Use For Over 30 Years.
THE CENTAUR COMPANY, 77 MURRAY STREET, NEW YORK CITY.

Housework is Hard Work

without Gold Dust.
It lightens the labor of cleaning more than half and saves both time and money.
It is "Woman's Best Friend, Dirt's Worst Enemy."

Send for free booklet—"Golden Rules for Housework."
THE N. K. FAIRBANK COMPANY
Chicago St. Louis New York Boston

Trade Winners at M. F. Crawford & Co's.

The people flock to this store because we always have bargains for them because every thing in this house is exactly as represented or your money is refunded because we only have one price and that down competition. After you have hammered the dozen price fellow down and down until he affirms that he is offering you goods at less than cost nine times out of ten he is not in a mile of the price we have on the same goods marked in plain figures.

Ladies' Wraps.

Our new line of Capes, Jackets and Tailor-made Suits are the talk of the town. The ladies are amazed at the low prices at which we are selling Tailor-made Suits and Jackets. Jackets at $3.50 to $8.50 and Suits at $8.00 to $10.00. Capes 50c. to $1.50 are the best goods ever offered on this market for the money. Competitors will tell you that Crawford's garments are no good. That they are too cheap, but when you tell them they are all the BIEFELD make, if they don't faint they will simply tell you that Crawford is giving away his stuff, and they can't afford to do that. Truth is, we buy them right. Go to headquarters after them and have them made by as reputable a cloak and suit maker as there is in the United States. His name on a garment means perfection in style, quality and fit; and again we are satisfied with as little profit on this class of goods as Homespun, Calicos and other staple goods. Our catalogue of Jackets, Suits and Capes sent for the asking. We can sell you any priced garment you wish. If we haven't it in stock we will have it sent direct from factory to you.

Some prices that cause the current to sweep into our front door: Ladies' heavy ribbed vests, nicely trimmed around the neck and down the front, only 10c. each. Better ones 15, 20 and 25c each. Ladies' heavy ribbed Union Suits trimmed around the collar and in front, pearl buttons, only 25c. each. Children's heavy undershirts at 5c. each and up. Ladies' heavy outing under skirts at 25c each. The best trade buy them. Heavy skirts at 50c. Flannel skirts at $1.00. All the new things in walking skirts in all the new colors. Also in fancy stripes, 50c. to $1.75 each. Outings light or dark at 5 to 10c. yd. Calicoes 3½ to 5c. yd. Cotton Plaid Dress Goods and waist goods at 5 to 10c yd Fancy fleeced vest goods in all the fancy plaids at 8 to 10c. yd Remnants in the 10c. quality 7½c. yd, and the prettiest line of Dress Goods, Trimmings and Linings that is being shown in this community. Ladies, remember that we are headquarters for Matting, Rugs, floor Oilcloth, Crockery, Glassware, Agateware, Tinware, Lamps and all household supplies. Be sure to see our bargain counters every time you come to Fayetteville.

Our Specialties.

Hyndes' heavy home-made shoes for men, women and children. Hamilton Brown Shoe Co.'s own make of shoes for everybody. Security School Shoes, heavy home-made boots for men. Heavy home-made Jeans and Kerseys for men and boys wear at 10 to 20c yd. Men's ready-made pants made from goods woven at the Elkin Woolen Mills. Men's heavy undershirts and drawers at 25c. and up. Men's Hats and Caps at 10c. and up. Get into the modern, up-to date close price merchandise current and it will bring you to this store. You will find the crowd here but not enough crowd to keep you from being waited on and waited on right. You will find that it pays you to come here. If it don't we don't want you to come.

Yours for business,

M. F. CRAWFORD & CO.

The Applause of the World

the man deserves whose foresight has enabled him to transform the ruins of his incinerated home into a new and modern one by having his property insured with us. A man that is wise will not lay his head down to sleep in the home that is not insured, when we will place your risk at a small sum.

Dwellings a Specialty.

Large or small lines on Manufacturing and General Hazards easily written at lowest rates in Best Companies. Standard Cotton Mills placed in Factory Association at Special Rates. Agents for the Greensboro Stock Mutual and Goldsboro Underwriters.
☞ Fidelity and Judicial Bonds issued.

NIMOCKS & COOK,
10 Hay street, (Phone 56), Fayetteville, N. C. General Insurance Agents.

A BEAUTY SCREEN

your shirt front will prove to be when it is laundered at the city laundry. A man feels like somebody when he can ensconce himself behind a shirt front that looks like new, every day in the week, or don a collar or cuff that is as perfect as if bought that day, every time he arrays himself in linen "done up" here. Our laundry work is perfect.

Fayetteville Steam Laundry.
'Phone 42.

SHURLBERTS.

Shears for Trimming Tobacco in the Field and Trimming Trees and Hedges.

For sale by
WALTER WATSON,
AGENT FOR
Deering Mowing and Harvesting Machinery,
Also Eclipse Engines and Saw Mill Outfits.
☞ Address WALTER WATSON, Fayetteville, N. C.

THE OBSERVER

FAYETTEVILLE, N. C., NOV. 2, 1899

We desire a live agent and correspondent at every postoffice in Cumberland and adjoining counties.

Correspondence on all subjects of local and general interest and opinions upon matters public of concern, are invited

The editor will not be responsible for the views or statements of correspondents and reserves the right at all times to revise or correct any article he may think requires it.

Correspondence for the Weekly Observer should reach the office not later than Monday.

One side, only, of the paper must be written on—and the real name of the writer accompany the contribution. No attention will be paid to anonymous letters.

☞The date on your label tells you when your subscription expires Receipts for money on subscription will be given in change of date on label. If not properly changed in two weeks notify us.

INDEX TO NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

W. J. MacDonald—All of My Tobaccos.

Horne's Pharmacy—Look At Our Seven Show Cases.

W. B Malloy—The Dollar in Politics and Business.

The ladies of the Monument Association will serve lunch at the Fair grounds.

Married.

Mr. J. W. Wade, of Clio, South Carolina, and Miss Minnie Farrell at the residence of the groom's father, W. H. H. Wade, in this city Monday by J. T. McKay, J. P. They leave this afternoon for Bennettsville, where they will reside.

Football Game for Fair Week.

Among the numerous attractions here Fair week will be a football game. The Wilmington Star of Friday morning contains the following:

The O. A. N. football team last night had a very satisfactory practice on their grounds and the eleven is rapily getting into great shape for the game with the North Carolina Military Academy of Red Springs at Fayetteville during Fair week.

Marriage Licenses.

For the month just ended Register Deeds Bynum granted 29 marriage licenses; 13 to white and 16 to colored couples. The last of the October licenses granted was to Mr. E. R. Carroll, age 21, of Pearce's Mill, and Miss Della Alnerson, 19, of Black River.

November starts off well, with two licenses granted today, both to whites as follows: Mr. Wiley Carter, age 21, and Miss B. E. Capps, 18, both of 71st; Mr. W. D. Mason, 24, and Miss Alice Hair, 18, both of Gray's Creek. The last named couple were married a few minutes after obtaining the licenses by Squire D. N. McLean.

To Test the Dispensary Law.

A dispensary case from Greensboro was argued in the Supreme Court Saturday morning, and it is said the decision will effect all the dispensaries in the State.

The Raleigh News and Observer of Saturday morning says:

As presented to the court this case involves all possible phases of the dispensary question, and its decision will settle, once for all, the constitutionality of dispensaries for the towns of this State. The main points presented by the case are:

1. Whether the establishment and operation of a dispensary are within the police regulation of a municipality and therefore a necessary expense to be incurred.

In other words, does the dispensary act violate Article VII, section 7, of the State Constitution, which says, "No county, city, town or other municipal corporation shall contract any debt, pledge its faith, or loan its credit, nor shall any tax be levied, or collected by any officers of the same, except for the necessary expenses thereof, unless by a vote of the majority of the qualified voters therein"?

Or is the dispensary an agency of the Legislature, created for the purpose of more perfectly administering its police laws in regulating and controlling the whiskey traffic, and bearing no relation to the municipality in which it is situated other than the co ordinate duty of administering the police laws of the State, and therefore not liable to the city or subject to its control?

2. If the dispensary is not within the police regulations of a municipality, and therefore a necessary expense to be incurred, are the dispensary boards created by act of the Legislature agents and servants of the municipality in the sense that the municipality is liable for their contracts and obligations?

These are the two questions presented to the court, and on their decision hangs the fate of all dispensaries in the towns and cities of North Carolina.

A Thousand Tongues

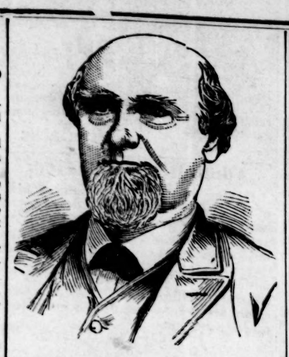
Could not express the rapture of Annie E. Springer, of 1125 Howard St., Philadelphia, Pa., when she found that Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption had completely cured her of a hacking cough that for many years had made life a burden. All other remedies and doctors could give her no help, but she says of this Royal Cure—"it soon removed the pain in my chest and I can now sleep soundly, something I can scarcely remember doing before. I feel like sounding its praises throughout the Universe." So will every one who tries Dr. King's New Discovery for any trouble of the Throat, Chest or Lungs. Price 50c. and $1.00. Trial bottles free at B. E. Sedberry & Son's Drug Store; every bottle guaranteed.

Chamberlain's Pain Balm Cures Others, Why Not You?

My wife has been using Chamberlain's Pain Balm, with good results, for a lame shoulder that has pained her continually for nine years. We have tried all kinds of medicines and doctors without receiving any benefit from any of them. One day we saw an advertisement of this medicine and thought of trying it, which we did with the best of satisfaction. She had used only one bottle and her shoulder is almost well. —ADOLPH L. MILLETT, Manchester, N. H. For sale by B. E. Sedberry & Sons.

Eat plenty, Kodol Dyspepsia Cure will digest what you eat. It cures all forms of dyspepsia and stomach troubles. E R Gamble, Vernon, Tex, says, "It relieved me from the start and cured me. It is now my everlasting friend." King Bros.

CASTORIA.
Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. The Kind You Have Always Bought



DEATH OF DOCTOR MCDUFFIE.

Passes Quietly Away Tuesday Afternoon

Dr. W. C. McDuffie, who has long been lingering on the threshold of death, passed away at his residence on Russell street at 12:45 o'clock Tuesday.

Dr. McDuffie was one of the most distinguished physicians in the State. He was President of the State Medical Association in 1885, and since the organization of General Parker's brigade of United Confederate Veterans, has been Surgeon on General Parker's staff. He was a man of versatile gifts, which he had cultivated by the reading of the classics. He was an admirable speaker and was often called upon to preside at public meetings. As chairman of a banquet, he was inimitable, his sparkling wit and his clever and apposite quotations from the masters of literature, well becoming his captivating and impressive presence. He was tall, broad shouldered and full bodied, and his massive head nobly crowned his fine figure. He was the soul of good humor, and his heart overflowed with kindness and love for his fellow man.

Dr. McDuffie's place in the community will not be filled. He represented an era that is past. But it will be long before the recollection of his splendid qualities as a man and a citizen, of his genial presence, of his kindly speech and tender heart, passes from among us.

Dr. McDuffie was born in Cumberland county on the 10th day of February, 1829, and was therefore in the 71st year of his age at the time of his death. He was the youngest of five children born to his parents, Archibald and Rebecca G. McDuffie. His brother, Mr. James R. McDuffie, of Johnson, Liberty county, Georgia, is the only surviving member of his family, and was with him at the time of and for several days previous to his death. Of his own family there survive him his two daughters and one son, Mr. E. B. McDuffie, of Philadelphia, Mrs. Nash Bunting, of Wilmington, and Mrs. Wm. Glover, of this city, the latter two having been with the Doctor during the entire period of his illness and the former visiting him from time to time at short intervals. His estimable wife passed to her rest three years ago, and since that time two of his sons, W. C., Jr., and Dr. Archie McDuffie and two of his sisters and one brother have died.

Dr. McDuffie commenced the practice of medicine in Fayetteville 44 years ago. Was President of the State Medical Society, etc., Chairman Board County Commissioners, member Board of City Aldermen, a member of Cumberland Lodge, K. of P., Cross Creek Lodge, I. O. O. F., and St. John's Church. All of the lodges will attend his funeral in a body.

Raeford Readings.

Raeford, N. C., Oct. 23, 1899.

Two literary societies have been organized at Raeford Institute. The Euphemean Literary society with the following officers: President, George R. McNeill, of N. C; Vice President, Robert A. Wright, of Va.; Secretary, Mitchael L. Harris, of N. C.

The Young Ladies' Literary society, the officers of which are Miss Daisy Persons, of Va., President; Miss Augusta McRae, of N. C., Vice President; Miss Dixie McQueen, of N. C., Secretary.

A male glee club, known as the Knickerbocker Glee Club, has been formed. The members are E. S. W. Dameron, M. L. Harris, W. M. McFadyen, G. R. McNeill, D. W. Harris, Frank Culbreth and T. A. Bulla, all of this State.

Drills are held four times each week for both sexes. The girls are drilled in physical culture, with Miss Naomi Eley in charge, and the boys are instructed in military tactics with W. C. O. Varner in charge. Uniforms for both boys and girls have been ordered and will be donned as soon as they arrive.

The revival service which was conducted by the Rev. R. W. Alexander, of this place, and the Rev. Wm. Black, of Monroe, closed the first of the present week. During the meetings nearly forty persons connected themselves with the Presbyterian church here and other churches. A collection was taken for the purpose of building a Presbyterian church here. The subscription amounted to $699 75, and 10,000 feet of framing.

The ladies of this community have organized a Ladies' Missionary society.

RENRAV.

Lumber Bridge Locals.

Miss Dolly Smith, who has been visiting at Mr. M. L. Marley's, accompanied her sister, Miss Flora Smith, to Fayetteville today.

Mr. and Mrs. J. C. McNatt are at Parkton for a two weeks' visit. A reception was given them last week at the home of Mr. Neill McNeill's.

Mrs. D. A. Blue spent Friday night with her little daughter, Nellie, who is here in school.

The Lyceum met Friday night at Capt. A. L. Shaw's. Solos were rendered by Misses Alyce Taylor, Bessie McArthur and Eelna Johnson. Selections were read by Clarence Blue, Martin Ray and Laurin McArthur.

Mr. W. S. Cobb was one of the marshals at the recent State Fair and enjoyed his trip thoroughly.

THE BEST PRESCRIPTION FOR CHILLS

and fever is a bottle of GROVE'S TASTELESS CHILL TONIC. Never fails to cure, then why experiment with worthless imitations? Price 50 cents. Your money back if it fails to cure.

Terrible Defeat of the British.

Irish Fusileers and Gloucester Regiment, Numbering 43 Officers and 2,000 Men Surrounded and Captured.

Ladysmith, October 31.—The battle at Ladysmith resulted in a terrible defeat of British. Forty-three officers and two thousand men of Irish fusileers and the Gloucester regiment, were surrounded by the Boers and captured. These two noted regiments together with a mountain battery fought heroically against enormous odds. When hemmed in by more than fifteen thousand well armed Boers, the pick of General Joubert's forces, they fought until their ranks were terribly decimated. General White says the men fought nobly and he accepts all blame for their overwhelming defeat.

London, Oct'r 31.—Our officials consider that Gen. White will be able to hold Ladysmith despite his heavy losses. They calculate that eight of the transports with ten thousand men will reach Durban on November 10th. Gen. White has food enough, if besieged, to last two months. He will probably be suspended from command immediately.

General White's Pitiful Avowal—Tremendous Excitement in England.

By cable to the Observer.)

London, October 31.—The manliness of General White's avowal of his fault has awakened the deepest sympathy. An official of the war office said that it was more likely due to the craze of our younger officers to distinguish themselves and obtain mention in the despatches and earn the Victoria cross than the fault of that splendid Indian veteran General White, despite his pitiful avowal. Terrible excitement prevails in Gloucester and Dublin, the home of many of the soldiers captured or killed.

There is fierce dissension in the British cabinet as the result of the crushing defeat at Ladysmith. Secretary of State for war Lansdwne, may resign as the result of the accusation of Gen. Wolsley who charges him with rejecting his urgent advice to the war office authorities to send an army corps to South Africa as far back as July.

In addition to the loss of men six seven pound screw guns were lost, and as the Boer artillery is already strong, the capture of these guns will be a great help to the Boers. Apart from the immediate loss of effectives, it is feared the defeat may have a most depressing effect on the remainder of her Ladysmith force.

It is also feared Boer sympathisers who have not yet taken sides will now public join the Transvaal forces.

BOERS AT KIMBERLEY.

A message from Kimberley says the Boers are building forts around the town and planting Siege guns.

ANOTHER BATTLE IMMINENT.

A Ladysmith dispatch says the Boers were observed this morning advancing towards the town and will probably begin the attack on Ladysmith itself. Nothing additional to above has been received since. It is believed another fight is iminent.

BOERS IN REAR OF ENGLISH.

Durban, Oct'r 31.—News of the disaster at Ladysmith has spread consternation throughout Natal. Every available man was set to work raising entrenchments at Pietmaritzburg against the Boer attack. Boers are reported near Tugela river, ten miles south of Ladysmith, in the rear of the British position.

ANOTHER CORPS ORDERED IN READINESS.

The War office has ordered a second army corps to be in readiness to be called out.

LATER.—The total force captured by the Boers is eighteen hundren and fifty men and forty-two officers.

Naval Guns Replying to Boers.

By cable to the Observer.

Ladysmith, November 1.—The naval brigade having mounted two fifty pound guns, replied hotly to the Boer guns until late last night. The fifty pounders were planted late Monday night ready for action when the Boers cannonading began at daybreak.

BRITISH DISASTER FAR WORSE THAN REPORTED.

London Nov'r 1.—General White cabled the war office to-day details of the defeat Monday, showing that the disaster was far worse than at first reported. He says: "Boulders rolled from the hills and rifle shots stampeded the mules. The stampede spread to the battery mules, which ran off with the whole gun equipment. The greater portion of the small arm ammunition reserve was similarly lost. Our infantry battalions seized a hill and fortified it with sand bags and stone breastworks. At dawn the Boers commenced skirmishing. At half past nine they were strongly reinforced and pushed the attack with great energy. Their fire became very searching and the enemy pressed to short range. The British losses became very numerous. At three in the afternoon our ammunition was practically exhausted and the position was captured with one column of about one thousand. The enemy treated our wounded with great humanity. The loss does not effect the security of Ladysmith."

General White's reports say that only eight companies and the mountain battery surrendered after their ammunition were exhausted. Late in the engagement the naval contingent, under Captain Lambon, of H. M. S. Powerful, came into action and, with extremely accurate fire, silenced the enemy's guns on the hill.

During the artillery duel yesterday the Boers brought up more guns and some were silenced. Their loss must be heavy. The garrison at Ladysmith is described as in good spirits and confident. The troops are full of fight.

POWERFUL WAR MACHINE.

Another fifty pounder is on the way from Durban to Ladysmith. It will throw a forty five pound shell of lyddite six miles. Three thousand troops are due at Cape Town Sunday and will be immediately sent to Ladysmith.

REPORTED LOSS OF TROOPSHIP.

In connection with the rumor of the loss of British troopship "Nubia," the Peninsular Oriental Company has no knowledge of any disaster and doesn't know whence the rumor originated. It seems it started at Berlin Monday, but nothing is known of the matter here.

ENGLISH FEEL BRIGHTER

The gloom was relieved today by the story of the heroic stand of the Fusileers and the Gloucestershire regiments until their cartridges were gone. The details today show a brighter aspect. Full battalions were not engaged and therefore the list of prisoners is materially reduced. The conclusion despatch that relates to the safety of Ladysmith was received with reserve until further news.

ENGLISH CABINET IN SESSION.

The Cabinet was summoned to meet to day.

Cape Town, November 1.—The naval brigade knocked a Boer forty pounder off its platform and silenced the guns on Repworth hill last night. The Boers abandoned the position.

Did it Ever Occur to You that a little Perry Davis' Pain Killer on the end of the finger applied once or twice to a mosquito bite would counteract the poison and speedily reduce the swelling? Pain Killer will also cure bites and stings of other poisonous insects as well as reptiles. See directions as to use upon wrapper on each bottle. Avoid substitutes, there is but one Pain Killer, Perry Davis'. Price 25c. and 50c.

JESSUP SAYINGS.

JESSUP, N. C., Oct. 28, 1899.

We regret to learn of the illness of Mrs. Benj Tyson.

Mr. J. F. Underwood spent Thursday and Friday visiting his son, Mr. W. J. Underwood.

Mr. N. A. Shields, of Carthage, spent Sunday with relatives.

The 'possum hunters are busy chasing the night travellers. One hunter reports that ten escaped from his pen in one night.

"Peace, sweet peace," but not sweet enough to satisfy the ambitious American and Englishman. When the rainy season is over General Otis will, perhaps, be able to do a little more fighting and again capture Manila. But, oh, how long! How long before the civilized, christianized and powerful nations of the United States and Great Britain will be willing to allow peaceful adjustments in disputes? Will it be when the United States has captured, not only Manila, but all the islands of the Philippines and when England owns all South Africa? Perhaps by the time the necessary captures are made and peace again prevails, Platt, Hanna, McKinley & Co., will have devised some plan to save the obnoxious trust and advance the commercial interest of the dependent little country called the United States. DONTON.

NO CURE—NO PAY.

That is the way all druggists sell Grove's Tasteless Chill Tonic for Chills and Malaria. It is simply Iron and Quinine in a tasteless form. Children love it. Adults prefer it to bitter, nauseating Tonics. Price 50c

"When our boys were almost dead from whooping cough, our doctor gave One Minute Cough Cure. They recovered rapidly," writes P. B. Belles, Argyle, Pa. It cures coughs, colds, grippe and all throat and lung troubles. King Bros.

AN IMPORTANT DIFFERENCE.

To make it apparent to thousands, who think themselves ill, that they are not afflicted with any disease, but that the system simply needs cleansing, is to bring comfort home to their hearts, as a costive condition is easily cured by using Syrup of Figs Manufactured by the California Fig Syrup Co. only, and sold by all druggists.

A. B. WILLIAMS,
COTTON BUYER,
HAY STREET,
FAYETTEVILLE, N. C.

FAYETTEVILLE MARKETS

REVISED DAILY.

COTTON	
Middling	7
Good Middling	7¼
NAVAL STORES	
Spirits	46
Common Rosin	2 20
Virgin	2 20
Yellow Dip	2 20
Hard	1 20
PRODUCE	
REPORTED BY A. S. HUSKE, GROCER.	
Flour—1st pat., sack,	$2 40@$2.65
Family Flour—2nd pat., sack	$2.00 @ 2.20
Hides—dry—per lb.	8@10
" —green—per lb.	5
Wool—washed	15@20
Bacon—hog round per lb	10
" —ham	11½@12½
" —sides—	8a8½
" —shoulders—	8
Oats—32 lbs per bushel	37½@40
Peas—clay	50a60
" —mixed	40
" —white,	65a75
Meal—bolted—46 lbs per bushel	52½@55
" —unbolted—48 lbs per bushel	50@55
Corn—old—56 lbs per bushel	50
Onions—select—per bushel	90
Lard—N. C.	8@9
Tallow	4
Ducks	20@25
Hens—per head	22½@25
Roosters—per head	15 a 20
Turkeys—per lb	none
Guineas	none
Geese	25 a 30
Butter—choice yellow	20 a 25
Honey—strained—per lb	8c
Eggs,	14a15
Feathers—new	35 a 40
Potatoes—Irish—new	80a100
Potatoes—Sweet—new	35a40
Pork	5@6

That Throbbing Headache

Would quickly leave you if you used Dr. King's New Life Pills. Thousands of sufferers have proved their matchless merit for Sick and Nervous Headaches. They make pure blood and strong nerves and build up your health. Easy to take. Try them. Only 25 cents. Money back if not cured. Sold by B. E. Sedberry & Son druggist.

Used by British Soldiers in Africa.

Capt. C. G. Dennison is well known all over Africa as commander of the forces that captured the famous rebel Galishe. Under date of Nov. 4, 1897, from Vryburg, Bechuanaland, he writes: "Before starting on the last campaign I bought a quantity of Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy, which I used myself when troubled with bowel complaint, and had given to my men, and in every case it proved most beneficial." For sale by B. E. Sedberry & Sons.

CASTORIA.
Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. The Kind You Have Always Bought

WOMEN do suffer!
Even so-called healthy women suffer!
But they are not healthy!

The marks left by pain are on the young faces of many of our daughters. Pain that leaves its mark comes from a curable cause. If that cause is not removed its influence reaches out and overshadows a whole life. The reason Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound has been so uniformly successful for over a quarter of a century in overcoming the suffering of women, is that it is thorough and goes directly to the cause. It is a woman's remedy for woman's ills.

MUST WOMEN SUFFER?

MISS EMILY F. HAAS, of 148 Freeman St., Greenpoint, Brooklyn, N. Y., writes: "DEAR MRS. PINKHAM—I wish to state that I used your Vegetable Compound with the greatest success. I was very sick for nearly a year with hysteria, was down-hearted and nervous; also suffered with painful menstruation and pain in back and limbs. I often wished for death, thinking nothing would cure me. I had doctors, but their medicines did me no good. At last, by the advice of a friend, I began to take Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, and I am happy to say it has entirely cured me.

JENNIE SHERMAN, of Fremont, Mich., Box 748, writes: "DEAR MRS. PINKHAM:—I feel that I must write you and tell you what your medicine has done for me. I had neuralgia of the stomach for two years, so bad that I could not do any work. I had two or three doctors, but did not seem to get any better. I began taking Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound and Liver Pills and improved from the first, had better appetite, and after taking three bottles of Compound and one box of Liver Pills, can say that I am cured. Your Vegetable Compound is a wonderful medicine."

Look At Our Seven Show Cases

and see the line of TOILET SUNDRIES—Hair, Tooth, Flesh, Nail, Shaving and Cloth Brushes, Tooth Powders, Tooth Washes, Tooth Soaps, Horn and Rubber Dressing Combs, Toilet Creams, Perfumeries, Smelling Salts, etc.

HORNE'S PHARMACY.

The Dollar in Politics and Business.

Every true citizen wants to see the town and country in a prosperous condition. Every intelligent man will tell you that it is impossible to put money into the pockets of the people by legislation, *unless he, himself, is a candidate for some lucrative position.*

This is a great country in which we live. We have a right to spend a dollar when we can get it and *where* we can get the most for it.

Quit *talking politics* and get down to *business* Where are you spending your money? What is it worth to you? This is a question worthy of consideration and easily answered

Call on W. B. MALLOY,

(dealer in Staple and Fancy Groceries and Country Produce and a *leader* in N. C. Meat, Chickens and Eggs,)

and see what you can get for A DOLLAR!

Small Profits! Polite Attention! Free Delivery!

Yours for business,
W. B. MALLOY.

Honesty is the Best Policy.

Honest goods, Honest prices, and Honest dealings will Surely bring success. Every Hour Proves It.

THE LAST DAYS OF THE NINETEENTH CENTURY SHOW NOTHING MORE CLEARLY.

We believe this fact, and our words demonstrate our belief Our goods are warranted to be exactly as represented; that is honest Our goods are guaranteed to give satisfaction, that is honest. If any article of jewelry or our manufacture does not give perfect satisfaction, we will refund the money paid for the articles; that too, is honest.

A. C. BROWN, of Red Springs, N. C., has a complete assortment of goods in store for sale at prices that defy competition. These goods are made from rolled gold plate, gold filled, gold front, or solid gold stock, and are warranted to give perfect satisfaction or the money will be refunded.

If this notice should reach any one living too far from Mr. Brown's store, or any other customer of ours, to permit their purchasing these goods from our customer, we will sell the goods at retail to such persons, under the same warranty and deliver by mail. We will also send printed instructions as to the care of jewelry—how to clean it, etc., on application.

W. F. Main Co., Eastern Factory
Cor. of Friendship and Eddy Sts., Providence R. I.

Western Factory (Largest Jewelry Factory in the world), under process of construction at East Iowa City, Ia. Over 52,000 ft. of floor space.

TRUSSES, 65c, $1.25 AND UP

65c.

We are selling the very finest Trusses made at FACTORY PRICES, less than one-third the price, charged by others, and WE GUARANTEE TO FIT YOU PERFECTLY, or your money back. Our $2.50 New Whalebone Yoke Elastic Truss, illustrated above, cut this ad. out and send to us with OUR SPECIAL PRICE named, state your Height, Weight, Age, how long you have been ruptured, whether rupture is large or small; also state number inches around the body on a line with the rupture, say whether rupture is on right or left side, then we will send either truss to you with the understanding, if it is not a perfect fit and equal to trusses that retail at three times our price, you can return it and we will return your money.

$1.25 $2.75

WRITE FOR FREE TRUSS CATALOGUE which shows all trusses, including the New $10.00 Leg Truss for $2.75 that cures almost any case, which we sell for $4.75 Address SEARS, ROEBUCK & Co. CHICAGO

$2.75 BOX RAIN COAT.

A REGULAR $5.00 WATERPROOF MACKINTOSH FOR $2.75.

Send no Money. Cut this ad. out and send to us, state your Height and Weight, state number of inches around body at breast taken over vest under coat close up under arms, and we will send you this coat by express C. O. D., subject to examination; examine and try it on at your nearest express office and if found exactly as represented and the most wonderful value you ever saw or heard of and equal to any coat you can buy for $5.00, pay the express agent our special price, $2.75, and express charges.

THIS MACKINTOSH is latest 1899 style, made from heavy waterproof tan color, genuine Davis Cravet Cloth; extra long, double breasted, Sagar velvet collar, fancy plaid lining, waterproof sewed, strapped and cemented seams suitable for both rain or overcoat, and guaranteed greatest value ever offered. If you or any other house, for any Cloth Samples of Men's Mackintoshes or Overcoats as from $2.00 to $10.00, write for free Cat. No. 899. Address

SEARS, ROEBUCK & CO., CHICAGO, ILL.

ALL OF MY TOBACCOS

SMOKING and CHEWING,

in a variety of grades,

At Prime Cost.

W. J. McDonald.

Hay Street, Fayetteville, N. C.

GET IT AT KING'S.

Anti-Cold Capsules

cure while you sleep
2 doses for 10 cents.

King's Cough Cordial.

recommended by Prof. Hodges, of Richmond, Va., Mr. B. C. Gorham, of Gorham's Book and Music House, and many others. Large bottle only 25 cents.

KING BROS.,
Hotel Building.

Business Department at LITTLETON Female College.

We are prepared to give young ladies a thorough course in Stenography and Typewriting, and Book-keeping or Telegraphy at a VERY LOW COST for board and tuition. It will pay any young ladies who think of going off to a Business College, or who desire to prepare themselves to accept a good paying position, to write to us at once. Rapid stenographers and good telegraphers are always in demand. Address, REV. J. M. RHODES, A. M., President, Littleton, N. C.

Administrator's Notice

Having this day duly qualified as administrator of the estate of J. O. Williams, deceased, I hereby notify all persons holding claims against said estate to present them to me duly authenticated on or before the 19th day of October, 1900, or this notice will be pleaded in bar of their recovery. All persons indebted to the estate are hereby notified to come forward and settle immediately.

This the 19th day of October, 1899.

L. A. MUNS, Administrator.
N. A. SINCLAIR, Attorney.

FAYETTEVILLE MARBLE AND GRANITE WORKS.

Strictly First-Cass Work.

Call at my yard or write for prices.
Respectfully,
E. L. REMSBURG,
Proprietor,
Fayetteville N. C

Honesty is the Best Policy.

Honest goods, Honest Prices, and Honest dealings will Surely bring success. Every Hour Proves It.

THE LAST DAYS OF THE NINETEENTH CENTURY SHOW NOTHING MORE CLEARLY.

We believe this fact, and our words demonstrate our belief. Our goods are warranted to be exactly as represented; that is honest. Our goods are guaranteed to give satisfaction, that is honest. If any article of jewelry of our manufacture does not give perfect satisfaction, we will refund the money paid for the articles; that too, is honest.

BEEHIVE

have a complete assortment of goods in store for sale at prices that defy competition. These goods are made from rolled gold plate, gold filled, gold front, or solid gold stock, and are warranted to give perfect satisfaction or the money will be refunded

If this notice should reach any one living too far from Manltsby & Manltsby's store, or any other customer of ours, to permit their purchasing these goods from our customer, we will sell the goods at retail to such persons, under the same warranty, and deliver by mail. We will also send printed instructions as to the care of jewelry—how to clean it, etc., on application.

W. F. Main Co., Eastern Factory
Cor. of Friendship and Eddy Sts., Providence R. I.

Western Factory (Largest Jewelry Factory in the world), under process of construction at East Iowa City, Ia. Over 52,000 ft. of floor space.

OPIUM and Whiskey Habits cured at home without pain. Book of particulars sent FREE. DR. B. M. WOOLLEY CO. Atlanta, Ga. Office, 104 North Pryor St.

ALWAYS THE SAME.

To say of a friend, "He is always the same—he never changes," is a very high compliment indeed. It's a compliment that scores and hundreds of regular customers are paying PERFECTION Flour continually. Since we first began handling it, over eight years ago, we have never changed. Why should we, when PERFECTION is the BEST and CHEAPEST Flour sold in Fayetteville? TRIUMPH, the next best, is also a crack-a jack flour, and is rapidly coming to the front—already there, in fact. Every dust warranted pure, white and sweet, or your money back with pleasure.

FALL PLANTING is near We are ready with a full stock of the best select RED RUST PROOF SEED OATS, BLACK MIXED SEED OATS, No. 2 LONGBERRY SEED WHEAT, and a stock of the best SMALL GRAIN FERTILIZERS for the same. ☞LIVE STOCK FEED of all kinds kept the year round—Corn, Oats, Hay, Ship-stuff, Wheat, Bran, PRATT'S FOOD, etc.

Plenty BAGGING & TIES, SALT, CHEESE, and a big line of COFFEE and Heavy Groceries at lowest market prices. Farm Wagons and Carts. Partial payments at a slight advance if desired. Give us a call; don't have to buy unless you want to.

Q. K. NIMOCKS,
10 Hay Street, Fayetteville, N. C. Wholesale and Retail Grocer.

"OLD TIME MOLASSES."

We have just received a large lot of Molasses, such as we have not had for years. SEE IT BEFORE YOU BUY.

Our Michigan Flours

are still in the lead. If you have not tried a sack of "PURITAN," you do not know what you are missing. It is better than many brands on this market that costs more money.

We handle many of the leading brands of FERTILIZERS including Acid Phosphate and Kainit.

Our stock of Hardware is complete.

A. E. RANKIN CO.

Established 80 Years.

The Old Reliable Furniture Store of S. Sheetz & Son.

All grades of

FURNITURE,

complete Parlor and Bed-Room Suits Dining Tables, Side-Boards and Chairs, Hall Racks, Desks, Sewing Machines, Carpets, Rugs, Floor Oil Cloths, &c., &c., &c.

We have the exclusive sale here of the White Sewing Machines.

Please call and see our goods.

S. SHEETZ & SON, Hay St., Fayetteville, N. C.

A new Private Hospital, just opened for the treatment of Medical, Surgical and Gynecological diseases of all kinds. New building with all modern conveniences—heating, lighting, ventilation, drainage, perfect; elevator; hot and cold baths on every floor. Best equipped operating room. Most modern hospital furniture. Experienced trained nurses and matron. Terms moderate. Address

DRS. MARSH & HIGHSMITH,
Fayetteville, N. C.

FAIR

AT FAYETTEVILLE, N. C.,

NOVEMBER 8th, 9th, 10th, 1899.

Fine exhibits in all departments promised.

Many new side shows and attractions, among others a

FERRIS WHEEL.

A good Brass Band engaged.

All railroads will sell return tickets at reduced rates.

For premium list or any information, apply to the Secretary.

WALTER WATSON, President. G. W. LAWRENCE, Secretary and Treasurer.

THE AMERICAN MONTHLY REVIEW OF REVIEWS

THE "NECESSARY" MAGAZINE

The best-informed men and women in the world use the AMERICAN MONTHLY REVIEW OF REVIEWS to keep well informed, and call it the "necessary" and "indispensable" magazine. In the busy rush of to-day ambitious men and women must know about the important questions of the month, and not only this, they want to know about them at the right time. When the whole country is puzzled over the gigantic combination of trusts, a well-informed article is printed in the AMERICAN MONTHLY, giving the facts, and its editor discusses the theory; when the Dreyfus affair is in everyone's mouth, the best story of Dreyfus and the great case comes out in this magazine.

Every month, in "The Progress of the World," Dr. Albert Shaw gives a comprehensive picture of the world's history during the previous thirty days. In the departments, the valuable articles and books that have been published during the past month are reviewed and quoted from, so that the readers of the AMERICAN MONTHLY can get the gist of them. In every issue nearly a hundred pictures are printed, including the portraits of the men and women who are making the history of the month.

To be thoroughly well informed helps any man or woman in his or her work. A subscription to the AMERICAN MONTHLY REVIEW OF REVIEWS represents an investment for the best kind of profit, as well as entertainment. One subscriber has just written: "Count me a life subscriber, and when you send me a number beyond the limit of my subscription and secure no renewal from me, consider it a notice of my death."

Price 25 cents per number, $2.50 a year.

A sample copy will be sent on receipt of ten cents in stamps.

THE REVIEW OF REVIEWS COMPANY
13 Astor Place New York

DR. MOFFETT'S TEETHINA TEETHING POWDERS

Aids Digestion, Regulates the Bowels, Makes Teething Easy. TEETHINA Relieves the Bowel Troubles of Children of Any Age.

ARE YOU
BANKRUPT in health, constitution undermined by extravagance in eating, by disregarding the laws of nature, or physical capital all gone, if so,

NEVER DESPAIR

Tutt's Liver Pills will cure you. For sick headache, dyspepsia, sour stomach, malaria, torpid liver, constipation, biliousness and all kindred diseases.

Tutt's Liver Pills
an absolute cure.

Looking up Family History.

Mr. H. W. Johnson, of Georgia, a kinsman of Gov. Joseph Johnson, of Alabama, and a lineal descendant of Gilbert Johnson, a brother of Governor Gabriel Johnson, who lived and owned a large estate in this county, prior to the Revolutionary war, is in the city for the purpose of searching the county records with a view to writing the history of the Johnson family.

Gilbert Johnson is referred to in the records as Joseph Gilbert, as he was outlawed after the battle of Culloden and could not use his real name.

Water Analysis.

The State bacteriologist writes City Physician, Dr. J. Vance McGougan, the following:

The analysis of the sample collected from your public water supply, and sent me by express Sept. 14th, has been completed. The quantitative examination gave 220 bacteria to the cubic centimeter. The qualitative tests revealed no suspicious organisms. This sample indicates a safe drinking water.

Yours very truly,
W. T. PATE.

Of course this does not include Fayetteville's other water supply from Fountain Head, the purity of which has been established by an eighty years use.

Died Under Peculiar Circumstances.

Mr. H. L. Cook returned from Greenville, N. C., Wednesday, where he has been on professional business in the settlement of the estate of the late F. S. Maultsby. Mr. W. S. Maultsby qualified as administrator of the estate, and is now engaged in the disposal of the assets as required by law.

Mr. Cook says that Drs. O'Hagin and Laughinghouse, the physicians in attendance upon the deceased, say that he died from the effects of a narcotic. As to who administered the poison, or whether it was through an error or by design, is shrouded in mystery.

Mr. Cook says Mr. Maultsby was very popular in Greenville and seemed not to have an enemy, and some ulterior purpose must be looked for. Messrs. W. S. and J. S. Maultsby, brothers of the deceased, are investigating the matter and hope to unravel the mystery.

The Silk Mills.

Before leaving for New Jersey last week Mr. Dwight Ashley, senior member of the great silk manufacturing firm of Ashley, Bailey & Co., gave the OBSERVER reporter the following statement:

Fayetteville, October 25th.

Dear Mr. Editor:—

In reply to your inquiry as to the outlook for the success of our mill here will say: The writer has no encouraging opinion to express at present in relation to the silk mill and its progress. I do not think any definite opinion can be given for three months, yet I am pleased with the mill and its equipment. I am glad to meet the many gentlemen and true Americans in your town, and sometimes wish this was my home, especially in the Winter. But ask me January 1st about the success of the mill, and I may say: well, call July 1st, 1900, and I can tell you better, as by that time I can form some opinion if a silk mill can be made a success in the South.

Respectfully,
D. ASHLEY.

A Queer Family.

About every day a queer procession is seen coming up Gillespie street. The central figure is a little sand-hill steer, not much larger than a goat, hitched to a dilapidated miniature cart, on which is piled a few sticks of black jack. Following in the wake of the little bull yearling, which crawls along unguided with his load, is a tall, rawboned, sallow-complected white man, his wife and five children, all as yellow as pumpkins and as solemn as owls. Thus they come to town almost every day, dispose of the wood for 15 or 20 cents and take their departure as they had come.

The man's name is Butler, and he lives in the sand hills somewhere between here and Hope Mills. His only visible means of support is what the little steer, assisted by the whole family, brings to town once a day.

TO CURE A COLD IN ONE DAY
Take Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets. All druggists refund money if it fails to cure. 25c. The genuine has L. B. Q. on each tablet.

The "Plow-Boy Preacher," Rev. J. Kirkman, Belle Rive, Ills., says, "After suffering from Bronchial or lung trouble for ten years, I was cured by One Minute Cough Cure. It is all that is claimed for it and more." It cures coughs, colds, grippe and all throat and lung troubles.
King Bros.

During the winter of 1897 Mr. James Reed, one of the leading citizens and merchants of Clay, Clay Co., W. Va., struck his leg against a cake of ice in such a manner as to bruise it severely. It became very much swollen and pained him so badly that he could not walk without the aid of crutches. He was treated by physicians, also used several kinds of liniment and two and a half gallons of whisky in bathing it, but nothing gave any relief until he began using Chamberlain's Pain Balm. This brought almost a complete cure in a week's time and he believes that had he not used this remedy his leg would have had to be amputated. Pain Balm is unequaled for sprains, bruises and rheumatism. For sale by B. E. Sedberry & Sons.

DeWitt's Little Early Risers,
The famous little pills.

THE COMING FAIR.

Promises to be a Great Success.

It is now apparent that the Cumberland County Fair to be held here on the 8th, 9th and 10th of November will be the most successful for years. The farmers—and farmers make a fair—are in better spirits this season than for years, and from what we can learn, are coming from all parts of this and adjoining counties, and many of the more substantial ones will have exhibits of their best labors. The town people are also taking an unusual interest in the fair, as is shown by the special premiums offered by the merchants and the preparations for fair amusements, such as tournaments, dances, etc., being made by the young men.

Let everybody pull together, farmers, merchants, ladies and all, and make the coming fair the greatest ever held.

The following communication from Mr. G. W. Lawrence, the secretary of the Fair Association, is to the point:

SOMETHING ABOUT FAIRS.

EDITOR OF OBSERVER:—The Cumberland County Agricultural Society was organized and held fairs before the war between the States. Then we held Agricultural Fairs annually with fine exhibits of the products of the farms and the handiwork of the farmers' wives and daughters and other ladies—strictly moral and instructive fairs. Racing then, as now, was a leading feature in all fairs, but there has gradually been added, from year to year, side shows—some of them good and decently managed and some very bad, immoral and indecent; gambling in a "mild" form outwardly but in secret the very worst kind, the gamblers, when they failed to dupe a sufficient number of victims, resorting to picking pockets.

I have been connected with the management of our county fair for thirty years, and for the last ten years as its Secretary. It was a part of my duty to visit the State Fair every year for the purpose of getting the side shows and other amusements to come to our fair for several years. These amusement enterprises have united in a combination or league under the management of one man, who was authorized by all, including the fakers and gamblers, to make contracts to buy privileges at fairs at so much per foot space, so that I could not go among them and select the best and reject those that were not wanted. I must take all or none and was therefore forced to take all, good and bad together, or have no amusements from a distance at our fairs.

When I arrived on the fair grounds of the State Fair this year I noticed with much pleasure the absence of this objectionable feature at former fairs—no gambling, no fakirs, no pickpockets, no immoral or indecent side-shows, but a few, good, decent shows. These I have secured for our fair.

A few good men connected with the management of the State Fair *determined* to get rid of these objectionable characters, and they succeeded, although they met with very strong objection from some of the buisiness men of Raleigh, who argued that by keeping out such games of chance that it would break up the fair. Now, Mr. Editor, my own individual and honest opinion is that we had better close up our gates and quit holding fairs if they *can't* succeed without the money received for privileges to let these people run their games to cheat and defraud our people and corrupt the morals of young men. It is true that our treasury will miss the amount received heretofore for these privileges, but if the true and good people of our town and county and the adjacent counties will but come to our fair and pay the entrance fee at the gate, we can promise them a good clean show and many object lessons for the instruction of the rising generation of young men and young ladies; and our fair will be a success financially, notwithstanding the howlings of a few whose depraved desires were not satisfied.

Respectfully,
G. W. LAWRENCE,
Sec'y and Treas'r C. C. A'l S'y.

Presbyterian Church—Entire Debt Easily Wiped Out.

The congregation of the Presbyterian Church was made very happy on Sunday 22nd by the announcement that the effort to cancel the debts that had been resting upon it for many years had been entirely successful.

Just four weeks before the pastor had presented the subject from the pulpit, and appealed for an earnest self-denying effort on the part of each member to rid the church of the heavy burden that has hindered and hampered its work for so long.

A definite plan of action was proposed which served the double purpose of a division of the labor involved and an infusion of incensed energy and zeal into those who had charge of the work.

The whole congregation was divided into sixteen committees, each having a leader who took the work in hand. Each were given a minimum sum to be collected as a free gift from those on the list, and was asked to hand in the report within four weeks from that date, so that the result might be publicly read on Sunday morning. These committees did splendid work, and the average for the sixteen was 55 per cent. above the minimum mark. Five of them double this sum; one trebled it, and two others very nearly trebled that amount, and when the reports were added up it was found that the response of the congregation had been so prompt and generous that after all debts are cancelled, it will leave a good surplus in the treasury for meeting other special needs.

Here is a summary of the report read from the pulpit on Sunday:

Amount collected by sixteen committees	$758.25
Amount collected by pastor	402 28
Grand total	1,160 53

It must be noted also that this was all cash; there were no pledges taken, and further that there was no resort to artificial methods, but each was asked to give as the Lord had prospered them.

"Then the people rejoiced, for that they offered willingly, because with perfect heart they offered willingly to the Lord."

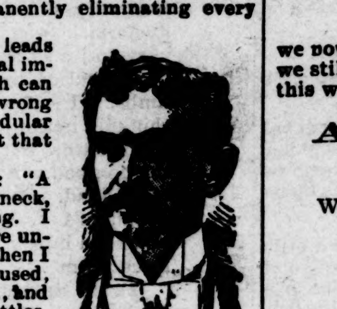
After the reading of the report, which so far surpassed the expectation of all and filled all with grateful surprise and delight, the pastor led the congregation in a prayer of thanksgiving to Almighty God for his signal blessing upon the work, and the pastor's remarks, instead of the usual sermon, were suggested by the happy outcome of these four weeks of zealous effort, and he closed with an earnest appeal for a deeper love for the church and for him who is its Head and King.

ONLY ONE CURE FOR SCROFULA.

S. S. S. Is the Only Remedy Equal to this Obstinate Disease.

There are dozens of remedies recommended for Scrofula, some of them no doubt being able to afford temporary relief, but S. S. S. is absolutely the only remedy which completely cures it. Scrofula is one of the most obstinate, deep-seated blood diseases, and is beyond the reach of the many so-called purifiers and tonics because something more than a mere tonic is required. S. S. S. is equal to any blood trouble, and never fails to cure Scrofula, because it goes down to the seat of the disease, thus permanently eliminating every trace of the taint.

The serious consequences to which Scrofula surely leads should impress upon those afflicted with it the vital importance of wasting no time upon treatment which can not possibly effect a cure. In many cases where the wrong treatment has been relied upon, complicated glandular swellings have resulted, for which the doctors insist that a dangerous surgical operation is necessary.



Mr. H. E. Thompson, of Milledgeville, Ga., writes: "A bad case of Scrofula broke out on the glands of my neck, which had to be lanced and caused me much suffering. I was treated for a long while, but the physicians were unable to cure me, and my condition was as bad as when I began their treatment. Many blood remedies were used, but without effect. Some one recommended S. S. S., and I began to improve as soon as I had taken a few bottles. Continuing the remedy, I was soon cured permanently, and have never had a sign of the disease to return." Swift's Specific—

S. S. S. FOR THE BLOOD

—is the only remedy which can promptly reach and cure obstinate, deep-seated blood diseases. By relying upon it, and not experimenting with the various so-called tonics, etc., all sufferers from blood troubles can be promptly cured, instead of enduring years of suffering which gradually but surely undermines the constitution. S. S. S. is guaranteed purely vegetable, and never fails to cure Scrofula, Eczema, Cancer, Rheumatism, Contagious Blood Poison, Boils, Tetter, Pimples, Sores, Ulcers, etc. Insist upon S. S. S.; nothing can take its place.

Books on blood and skin diseases will be mailed free to any address by the Swift Specific Company, Atlanta, Georgia.

Fair Entertainments.

The arrangements for the two Fair dances, the German on Wednesday night and the Fair Ball on Friday night, have been perfected. Mr. A. S. Williams, the Chief Ball Manager, and Messrs. Jas. A. Moore and John Thomson, leaders, have written accepting their invitations and stating that they will be present. The programme being arranged, the general committees have been discharged, leaving the following young gentlemen in charge, who can be relied on to maintain the prestige of our good old town on both occasions:

Committee on Arrangements: Messrs. A. B. Williams, Jr., W. H. Haigh, Jas. S. McNeill and C. D. Elliott.

Committee on Escorts: Messrs. A. R. Williams, J. C. Gorham and Dr. D. G. MacKethan.

The Tournament Committee, of which Mr. H. M. Pemberton is Chairman, has also completed its arrangements. A large number of entries are expected, and the experienced Knights of the last two years will have to do good work to hold their laurels.

Off to Federal Court.

On the Hurt, which cleared for Wilmington last Friday, were Capt. E. P. Powers, United States Commissioner, A. D. Morrisey, United States Deputy Marshal, and Geo. Benoy, a deputy with the following prisoners on their way to the Federal court in Wilmington: John Porter, James White, A. J. Johnson, Chas. Moore, J. G. Lewis and Alex. McLaurin. There were also a number of witnesses, all colored, going to testify in the same court.

The last named prisoner, Alex. McLaurin, will probably be set at liberty, in recognition of his valuable services in reporting the recent desperate plan of the prisoners to escape. At least the officers will make a big effort to have him so rewarded, and it should be done.

Graded School Report.

To the Board of Trustees Fayetteville Graded School:

GENTLEMEN:—I beg leave to submit for consideration by you the following report of Fayetteville Graded School for the first month ending Oct. 13th, 1899:

Number boys enrolled	148
Number girls enrolled	144
Total enrollment	292
Number boys left school	4
Number girls left school	3
Total number pupils left school	7
Number on roll at the close month	285
Average daily attendance	250
Per cent. of attendance	92

ROLL OF HONOR.

Boys—Henry Cook, Willie Bell, Aaron Folb, Raymond Maultsby, Walter Strickland, Wallace Prior, Da Costa Highsmith, Albert Prior, Willie Adams, John Hall, George Myrover, Walter Cook, Claude Overby, Charles Broadfoot, Sebastian Maultsby, Egbert Moore, Joe McKethan, Willie Broadfoot Eddie Ahearn, Louis Fitzell Richard Fitzell, Charles Goddard, Henry Lamb, Robert Lamb, James Maultsby, Claude Rankin, Walter Hall.

Girls—Lillie Johnson, Lena Amos, Katie Lee Bell, Mary Helen Sheetz, Annie Highsmith, Sadie Wall, Ellen Lamb, Rilla Ward, Mattie Bell Johnson, Cecil Smith, Nannie Campbell, Virginia Bidgood, Mamie Highsmith, Emmie Black, Myrtle Folb, Ellen Hall, Bessie Newberry, Adah Strickland, Florence Tomlins, Clara Fitzell, Margaret Lamb, Kate Sinclair, Effie Sinclair, Marie Thornton, Hattie Owen, Edna Sedberry, Allie Johnson, Janie Maultsby, Eleanor Huske, Vara Barden, Alice Kennedy, Geneva Kennedy, Della Murchison, Bessie Smith, Hattie Lee Atkinson, Stella Bell, Mary Black Janie Black, Louise Huske, Minnie Johnson, Mollie Johnson, Jean Pemberton, Annie Sedberry, Lida White, Charlotte Holland, Eunice Nimocks.

Respectfully,
A. B. HILL,
Superintendent.

A Frightful Blunder

Will often cause a horrible burn, scald, cut or bruise. Bucklen's Arnica Salve, the best in the world, will kill the pain and promptly heal it. Cures old sores, fever sores, ulcers, boils, felons, corns, all skin eruptions. Best pile cure on earth. Only 25 cts. a box. Cure guaranteed. Sold by B. E. Sedberry & Son., druggists.

One Minute Cough Cure, cures.
That is what it was made for.

President King, Farmer's Bank, Brooklyn, Mich, has used DeWitt's Little Early Risers in his family for years. Says they are the best. These famous little pills cure constipation, biliousness and all liver and bowel troubles. King Bros.

Pure Whisky HARPER
Perfect Whisky HARPER
Every bottle guaranteed HARPER

Land for Sale.

450 acres of all-pine land. known as the Pierce land, in Rockfish township.

125 acres in Gray's Creek known as the Spearman land. This is all cleared and has a good dwelling thereon.

Also, my home place

FOR RENT,

225 acres of good tobacco land. Dwellings and outhouses

THEO. EVANS,
Sherwood, Cumberland Co., N C

Webster's International Dictionary
Successor of the "Unabridged."

Standard of the U. S. Gov't Printing Office, the U. S. Supreme Court, all the State Supreme Courts, and of nearly all the Schoolbooks.

Warmly Commended by State Superintendents of Schools, College Presidents, and other Educators almost without number.

Invaluable in the household, and to the teacher, scholar, professional man, and self-educator.

THE BEST FOR PRACTICAL USE.
It is easy to find the word wanted.
It is easy to ascertain the pronunciation.
It is easy to trace the growth of a word.
It is easy to learn what a word means.

The New Orleans Picayune says:
It stands now a monument to patient industry, brilliant scholarship, and mechanical skill, and one of the most complete and useful works ever published in this country.

GET THE BEST.
Specimen pages sent on application to
G. & C. MERRIAM CO., Publishers, Springfield, Mass., U. S. A.

CAUTION. Do not be deceived in buying small so-called "Webster's Dictionaries." All authentic abridgments of the International in the various sizes bear our trade-mark on the front cover as shown in the cuts.

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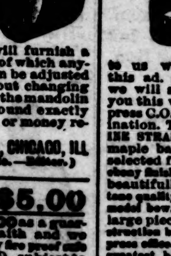
MUNN & Co. 361 Broadway, **New York**
Branch Office, 625 F St., Washington, D. C.

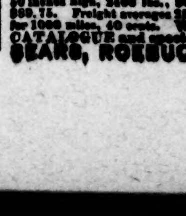
SEND 50 CENTS to us with this ad. and we will send you OUR GENUINE ... MANDOLIN by express, C. O. D. subject to examination. THIS IS A REGULAR $10.00 MANDOLIN, made of 13 ribs of genuine mahogany, with handsome colored strips laid between, has rosewood finished cap, celluloid bound edges, rosewood fingerboard, inlaid pearl position dots, American patent head, beautiful inlaying around sound hole, latest patent nickel plated sleeve protecting tailpiece, extra set of strings, tortoise shell pick, and a book of Guckert's Chords, which teaches anyone how to play. Examine this mandolin at your express office, and if found exactly as represented and the greatest bargain you ever saw or heard of, pay the express agent $4.65, less the 50c deposit, or $4.15 and express charges, and the outfit is yours.



SPECIAL PREMIUM OFFER. With every order accompanied by cash in full, we will furnish a lettered fingerboard chart, with the aid of which anyone can easily locate the notes. Chart can be adjusted on the fingerboard of any mandolin without changing the instrument in the least. We will allow the mandolin to be returned after 5 days' trial if not found exactly as represented. Satisfaction guaranteed or money refunded in full.

Address, SEARS, ROEBUCK & CO. (INC.), CHICAGO, ILL.
(Sears, Roebuck & Co. are thoroughly reliable.—Editor.)

ONLY $5.00



SEND US $5.00 as a guarantee of good faith and we will send you any fire proof safe by freight, C. O. D., subject to examination. You can examine it at your freight depot and if you find it the equal of any fire proof combination lock iron and steel safe made and about one-third the price charged by others for the same size and grade, pay your freight agent our special factory price and freight charges, less the $5.00 sent with order; otherwise return it at our expense and we will return your $5.00. ... WRITE FOR FREE SAFE CATALOGUE and special liberal C. O. D. offer.

SEARS, ROEBUCK & CO. Chicago.

POWDER.

We have just received a thousand pounds of gun powder in kegs, halves and quarters, and are prepared to furnish country merchants at prices cheaper than they can order from elsewhere.

Shot and Shells

also on hand. We will claim our share of the trade in this line this season.

We told that we had 200 STOVES and wanted customers,

we now advise our friends that the advance in stoves is unprecedented, but we still have some—bought before the advance—and if you are going to buy this winter you will pay for what delay you make in purchasing.

A few more Buck and Richmond Cook Stoves.

We have a large line of Trilby, Wildfire, Windsor and Modern Heaters.

Anything in the Hardware Line at our store.

☞ We have put in a few

BREECH-LOADING GUNS,

which are going well. ☜

HUSKE HARDWARE HOUSE.

SEND US ONE DOLLAR

Cut this ad. out and send to us with $1.00, and we will send you this NEW IMPROVED ACME QUEEN PARLOR ORGAN, by freight C. O. D., subject to examination. You can examine it at your nearest freight depot, and if you find it exactly as represented, equal to organs that retail at $75.00 to $100.00, the greatest value you ever saw and far better than organs advertised by others at more money, pay the freight agent our special 90 days' offer price, $31.75, less the $1.00, or $30.75, and freight charges.

$31.75 IS OUR SPECIAL 90 DAYS' PRICE Less than one-half the price charged by others. Such an offer was never made before.

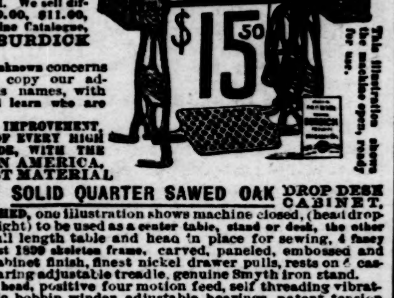
THE ACME QUEEN is one of the most DURABLE AND SWEETEST TONED instruments ever made. From the illustration shown, which is engraved direct from a photograph, you can form some idea of its beautiful appearance. Made from solid quarter sawed oak, antique finish, handsomely decorated and ornamented, latest 1899 style. THE ACME QUEEN is 6 feet 5 inches high, 42 inches long, 23 inches wide and weighs 350 pounds. Contains 5 octaves, 11 stops, as follows: Diapason, Principal, Dulciana, Melodia, Celeste, Cremona, Bass Coupler, Treble Coupler, Diapason Forte and Vox Humana; 2 Octave Couplers, 1 Tone Swell, 1 Grand Organ Swell, 4 Sets Orchestral Toned Resonatory Pipe Quality Reeds, 1 Set of 37 Pure Sweet Melodia Reeds, 1 Set of 37 Charmingly Brilliant Celeste Reeds, 1 Set of 24 Rich Mellow Smooth Diapason Reeds, 1 Set of 24 Pleasing Soft Melodious Principal Reeds. THE ACME QUEEN action consist of the celebrated Newell Reeds, which are only used in the highest grade instruments; fitted with Hammond Couplers and Vox Humana, also best Dolge felts, leathers, etc., bellows of the best rubber cloth, 3-ply bellows stock and finest leather in valves. THE ACME QUEEN is furnished with a 10x14 beveled plate French mirror, nickel plated pedal frames, and every modern improvement. We furnish free a handsome organ stool and the best organ instruction book published.

GUARANTEED 25 YEARS. With every ACME QUEEN ORGAN we issue a written binding 25-year guarantee, by the terms and conditions of which if any part gives out we repair it free of charge. Try it one month and we will refund your money if you are not perfectly satisfied. 500 of these organs will be sold at $31.75. ORDER AT ONCE. DON'T DELAY.

OUR RELIABILITY IS ESTABLISHED If you have not dealt with us ask your neighbor about us, write the publisher of this paper or Metropolitan National Bank, or Corn Exchange Nat. Bank, Chicago; or German Exchange Bank, New York; or any railroad or express company in Chicago. We have a capital of over $700,000.00, occupy entire one of the largest business blocks in Chicago, and employ nearly 2,000 people in our own building. WE SELL ORGANS AT $22.00 and up; PIANOS, $116.00 and up; also everything in musical instruments at lowest wholesale prices. Write for free special organ, piano and musical instrument catalogue. Address, (Sears, Roebuck & Co. are thoroughly reliable.—Editor.)

SEARS, ROEBUCK & CO. (Inc.), Fulton, Desplaines and Wayman Sts., CHICAGO, ILL.

SEND NO MONEY WITH YOUR ORDER, cut this ad. out and send to us, and we will send you OUR HIGH GRADE DROP CABINET BURDICK SEWING MACHINE by freight C. O. D. subject to examination. You can examine it at your nearest freight depot and if found perfectly satisfactory, exactly as represented, equal to machines others sell as high as $60.00, and THE GREATEST BARGAIN YOU EVER HEARD OF, pay your freight agent Our Special Offer Price $15.50 and freight charges. The machine weighs 120 pounds and the freight will average 75 cents for each 500 miles. GIVE IT THREE MONTHS' TRIAL in your own home, and we will return your $15.50 any day you are not satisfied. We sell different makes and grades of Sewing Machines at $8.50, $10.00, $11.00, $12.00 and up, all fully described in Our Free Sewing Machine Catalogue, but $15.50 for this DROP DESK CABINET BURDICK is the greatest value ever offered by any house.



$15.50

BEWARE OF IMITATIONS by unknown concerns who copy our advertisements, offering unknown machines under various names, with various inducements. Write some friend in Chicago and learn who are RELIABLE AND WHO ARE NOT.

THE BURDICK has every MODERN IMPROVEMENT, EVERY GOOD POINT OF EVERY HIGH GRADE MACHINE MADE, WITH THE DEFECTS OF NONE. MADE BY THE BEST MAKER IN AMERICA, FROM THE BEST MATERIAL MONEY CAN BUY.

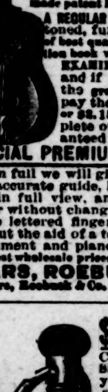
SOLID QUARTER SAWED OAK DROP DESK CABINET, piano polished, one illustration shows machine closed, (head dropping from sight) to be used as a center table, stand or desk, the other open with full length table and head in place for sewing, 4 fancy drawers, latest 1899 skeleton frame, carved, paneled, embossed and decorated cabinet finish, finest nickel drawer pulls, rests on 4 casters, ball bearing adjustable treadle, genuine Smyth iron stand. Finest large High Arm head, positive four motion feed, self threading vibrating shuttle, automatic bobbin winder, adjustable bearings, patent tension liberator, improved loose wheel, adjustable presser foot, improved shuttle carrier, patent needle bar, patented dress guard, head is handsomely decorated and ornamented and beautifully NICKEL TRIMMED.

$15.50

GUARANTEED the lightest running, most durable and nearest noiseless machine made. Every known attachment is furnished and our Free Instruction Book tells just how anyone can run it and do either plain or any kind of fancy work. A 20-YEARS' BINDING GUARANTEE is sent with every machine. IT COSTS YOU NOTHING to see and examine this machine, compare it with those your storekeeper sells at $40.00 to $60.00, and then if convinced you are saving $25.00 to $40.00, pay your freight agent the $15.50. WE TO RETURN YOUR $15.50 if at any time within three months you say you are not satisfied. ORDER TO-DAY. DON'T DELAY. (Sears, Roebuck & Co. are thoroughly reliable.—Editor.)

Address, SEARS, ROEBUCK & CO. (Inc.) Chicago, Ill.

SEND 50 CENTS to us with this ad. and we will send you our celebrated La BERTA GUITAR by express C. O. D., subject to examination. It is a genuine La Berta American made instrument of great beauty, perfect rosewood finish, very highly polished. Handsomely inlaid around sound hole and inlaid stripe in back, celluloid bound top edge. Fingerboard accurately fretted with raised frets, inlaid pearl position dots, American made patent head, and finest nickel plated tailpiece. A REGULAR $8.00 GUITAR, powerful and sweet toned, furnished complete with an extra set of best quality steel strings and a valuable instruction book which teaches anyone how to play. EXAMINE THE GUITAR at your express office and if found exactly as represented and the greatest bargain you ever saw or heard of pay the express agent $3.65 less 50c, or $3.15 and express charges and the complete outfit is yours. Satisfaction guaranteed or money refunded in full.



SPECIAL PREMIUM OFFER. With every order accompanied by $3.65 cash in full we will give a Lettered Fingerboard Chart. It is an accurate guide, having all notes, with sharps and flats in full view, and can be easily adjusted to any guitar without changing the instrument. With the use of the lettered fingerboard anyone can learn to play without the aid of a teacher. Write for free musical instrument and piano and organ catalogue. Everything at lowest wholesale prices. Address,

SEARS, ROEBUCK & CO., CHICAGO
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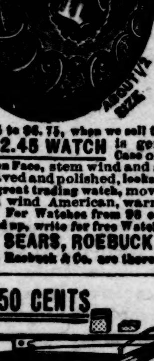
$2.45 GOLD PLATED



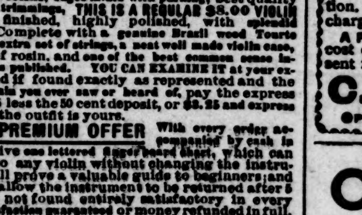
Cut this ad. out and send to us, SEND NO MONEY and we will send you this watch by express, C. O. D. subject to examination. You can examine it at your express office and if found perfectly satisfactory, exactly as represented and in every way equal to watches that are being advertised at $5.75 to $6.75 under such misleading descriptions as Elgin Style, American Style, Gold Filled or Look Like $20.00 to $30.00 Gold Filled Watches, etc. If you find it the equal or better than any of these watches, pay the express agent OUR PRICE, $2.45 and express charges.

Don't be Deceived by catchy advertisements which would lead you to believe you could get a $25.00 or $35.00 watch for $5.75 to $6.75, when we sell the same watch for $2.45.

OUR $2.45 WATCH is gents' full 18-size Hunting Case or Screw Back and Bezel dust proof Open Face, stem wind and set, gold plated, handsomely engraved and polished, looks like a high-grade gold filled and is a great trading watch, movement is a nickel 7-jeweled stem wind American, warranted, and a good time-keeper. For Watches from 98 cents up, gold-filled watches $3.75 and up, write for free Watch and Jewelry Catalogue.

Address, SEARS, ROEBUCK & CO. (Inc.), Chicago
(Sears, Roebuck & Co. are thoroughly reliable.—Editor.)

SEND 50 CENTS to us with this ad. and we will send you this violin outfit by express C.O.D., subject to examination. The violin is a GENUINE STRADIVARIUS MODEL, made of old wood, curly maple back and sides, top of seasoned pine, specially selected for violins, edges inlaid with purfling, best quality ebony finished trimmings. THIS IS A REGULAR $8.00 VIOLIN beautifully finished, highly polished, with splendid tone quality. Complete with a genuine Brazil wood Tourte model bow, 1 extra set of strings, a neat well made violin case, large piece of rosin, and one of the best common sense instruction books published. YOU CAN EXAMINE IT at your express office, and if found exactly as represented and the greatest bargain you ever saw or heard of, pay the express agent $3.75 less the 50 cent deposit, or $3.25 and express charges, and the outfit is yours.



SPECIAL PREMIUM OFFER With every order accompanied by cash in full we will give one lettered fingerboard chart, which can be adjusted to any violin without changing the instrument, and will prove a valuable guide to beginners; and we will also allow the instrument to be returned after 5 days' trial if not found entirely satisfactory in every respect. Satisfaction guaranteed or money refunded in full.

Address SEARS, ROEBUCK & CO. (Inc.) Chicago, Ill.
(Sears, Roebuck & Co. are thoroughly reliable.—Editor.)

CASTORIA.
The Kind You Have Always Bought
Bears the Signature of *Chas. H. Fletcher.*

Land Sale.

By virtue of the authority contained in a Deed of Trust executed by R. M. Nimocks and wife May 19th, 1897, the undersigned will offer for sale at the MARKET HOUSE in the City of Fayetteville, N. C., on

Thursday, November 2nd,

1899, at 11 o'clock a. m, the following described lands in Cumberland, Robeson, Harnett and Sampson counties:

CUMBERLAND COUNTY.

PLACE.	QUANTITY.	TOWNSHIP
Freeman place,	75 acres,	Rockfish.
M. F. Fort,	36 acres, 2 tracts,	Cedar Creek.
T. J. Underwood,	100 acres,	Flea Hill.
A. D. McNeill,	100 acres,	Carver's Creek.
Hemenway place,	112 acres,	do do
D. B. Colvin place,	20 acres,	do do
Smith place,	75 acres,	do do

ROBESON COUNTY.

Lucius McRae Mill Tract, 150 ac's, Smith's Fred Jones place, 50 acres, Blue Springs. Longfield place, 167 acres, Lumber Bridge. Jordan & Adcock, 26 acres, do do

HARNETT COUNTY.

Byrd track, 300 acres, Stewart's Creek. Faucett-Cameron, 885 ac's, Anderson do Parker & Byrd, 347 acres, Stewart's do Jno. F. Shaw, 3 tracts, 912 ac's, Anderson Creek.
Matthews & Shaw, 56 acres, Lillington. Luther Thomas, 136 acres, Barbecue. Harrington tract, 121 acres, Buckhorn. Niven Ray, 50 acres, Upper Little River. D A. McLean, 50 acres, do do do Salmon Land, 312 acres. Storehouse and Lot in Dunn, N. C.

SAMPSON COUNTY.

Dismal Place, 160 acres, Dismal. Storehouse and lot in Staley, Randolph Co. Terms of sale cash.

W. S COOK,
Assignee.

C. W. Broadfoot,
H. L. Cook,
Attorneys.
Sept'r 29, 1899.

PATENTS

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For Infants and Children.
The Kind You Have Always Bought
Bears the Signature of *Chas. H. Fletcher.*

For Rent.

The "Roberts place," on Harrington Hill, near city limits. If good tenant offers, the House will be put in complete repair. Place well adapted for small garden or dairy farm. Apply to
F. R. ROSE.

Administratrix Notice.

Having qualified as administratrix of the estate of M. H. Hall, deceased, I hereby notify all persons having claims against said estate to present them to me for payment on or before the 11th day of October, 1900. Otherwise this notice will be pleaded in bar of their recovery. All persons indebted to the estate are hereby notified to make immediate settlement.

MELISSA C. HALL.
Administratrix.

October 11, 1899.

Executrix Notice.

Having qualified as executrix upon the estate of Capt. N. W. Ray, notice is hereby given to all parties having claims against said estate to present them on or before September 1st, 1900 Persons indebted will please make payment.

LAURA P RAY,
Executrix.

C. W. BROADFOOT,
Attorney.
September 1st, 1899

Executrix Notice.

Having qualified as executrix upon the estate of Miss Ellen Sophia Mallett, notice is hereby given to all parties having claims against said estate to present them on or before October 3rd, 1900. Persons indebted will please make payment.

LIZZIE E MALLETT,
Executrix.

C. W. BROADFOOT,
Attorney.
October 3, 1899.

NOTICE.

NORTH CAROLINA, } In the
Cumberland County. } Superior Court.

Nancy Cobbs
vs. } Notice to Defendant.
W. L. Cobbs

The defendant above named will take notice that an action entitled as above has been commenced in the Superior Court of Cumberland county, the purpose of the action being to obtain a dissolution of the bonds of matrimony existing between the plaintiff and defendant aforesaid; and the said defendant will further take notice, that he is required to appear at the next term of the Superior Court of said county, to be held on the 10th Monday after the first Monday in September, 1899, at the Court House of said County, in Fayetteville, N. C., and answer to or demur to the complaint in said action, or the plaintiff will apply to the court for the relief demanded in said complaint.

This 27th day of September, 1899.

A. A. McKETHAN,
Clerk of the Superior Court.

H. L. Cook, Attorney.

North Carolina, } In the
Cumberland Co. } Superior Court.

Calvin Manuel
vs. } Notice.
Lavinia B. Manuel

The defendant above named will take notice that an action entitled as above has been commenced in the Superior Court of Cumberland county, the purpose of the same being to obtain a divorce of the plaintiff from the defendant; the defendant will further take notice, that she is required to appear at the next term of the Superior Court of said county, to be held on the tenth Monday after the first Monday in September, 1899, at the Court House of said county, in Fayetteville, N. C., and answer or demur to the complaint in said action, or the plaintiff will apply to the Court for the relief demanded in said complaint.

This 2nd day of October, 1899.

CHAS. G CAIN, Deputy
Clerk of the Superior Court.

H. L Cook, Attorney.

Commissioner's Sale of Valuable Lands.

By virtue of an order of the clerk of Superior Court, in a special proceeding entitled "S P Denning for himself and all other creditors of D. A. C Denning *vs.* C C McLellan, Administrator of D A. C. Denning" I will sell to the highest bidder at public auction the following described real estate, viz:

Lot No. 7 in Block A, in the plat of the town of Wade, N. C. on which is located a store and other buildings. See Book Y, No. 4, page 497.

Also 1st Tract: About 77 acres, being 5-6 of 92 acres, conveyed to D A C Denning by Josiah Denning and others. See Book V. No 4, p. 131; D. No. 4, p. 584 and 585 and Book Y, No, 4, page 231

2nd Tract: About 74 acres purchased by said D A C Denning from J E Denning and wife. See Book E. No 4, p. 642.

3rd Tract: About 36 acres bought by said Denning from David Bowden; see Book E, No 4, page 642. Tracts Nos 1, 2 and 3 are subject to dower interests

Place of sale: Wade, N C on above described lot

Time of sale: Saturday, November 11, 1899, at 2 o'clock p m

Terms of sale: 10 per cent cash on day of sale and 23 1 3 per cent cash upon confirmation; balance in equal payments at 4 and 8 months, with interest from date of notes at 6 per cent, to be secured, or title reserved until fully paid

This is a resale by order this day made.

C. C. McLELLAN,
Commissioner.

C. W. BROADFOOT,
Attorney.
October 9th, 1899.

Sale of Valuable Lands

By virtue of an order, this day made by the Clerk of the Superior Court of Cumberland County, in a special proceeding entitled Z. B. Newton, administrator of Jas T. Townsend, vs. Mrs Mary A. Townsend, W. S Townsend et al., the undersigned, as Commissioner, duly appointed by the Court, will expose to sale at public auction, to the highest bidder, the following two tracts of valuable land in 71st Township, Cumberland County, viz:

First tract—Beginning at a pine and pointers North side of Jumping Gully, supposed to be Gillis's corner, and runs thence North with the Gillis line 23 chains to a stake and pointers in Culbreth's line of fifty acres; thence as that line E 14.50 chains to a stake and pointers; thence, as the other line, N. 2 E. 16.85 chains to a stake and pointers; thence E. 5.50 chains to a stake by a post oak; thence, as Campbell's line, N. 79 E. 16 chains; thence S. 9 chains; thence N. 84 E 14 chains to Blue's, now Townsend's, N. W. corner of 25 acres; thence, as that line, S. 35 E 16.30 chains to a corner; thence as the other line N 55 E 10.50 chains; thence S. 10 50 chains to Nancy Black's dower; thence S. 80 W. 37.40 chains; thence S. 10 E. 5.50 chains; thence S. 33 W. 59.50 chains to a stake in the old road; thence N. 80 W. 3 50 chains to McInnis's line; thence as his line N. 40 E. 13.50 chains; thence N. 50 W. 12.50 chains; thence S. 40 W. 7 30 chains; thence N. 68 W. 7 chains; thence N. 33 W. 32 chains to a pine stump; thence E 34 chains to the beginning, containing 253 acres.

Second tract—beginning at a stake in McPhail's line, the corner of 28½ acres sold by J. T. Townsend and wife to Margaret Townsend and runs thence S. 10 E 15 45 chains to a stake by a post oak; thence N. 80 E. 16 chains to a corner of 95 acres; thence S. 9 chains to the line of 40 acres; thence N 85 E. 14 chains to the N. W. corner of Margaret Townsend's 25 acres; thence as it N. 55 E 16.50 chains to the corner; thence as her other line N. 2 E. about 24 chains to a stake in a branch in Blue's line, near the S. edge of the branch, a corner of said 28½ acres tract; thence, with the line of it, S. 77 W. 47 60 chains to the beginning, and containing about 100 acres.

Both of the above tracts will be sold subject to the dower right of Mrs. Mary A Townsend therein

Time of sale: Monday, November 6th, 1899, at 12 o'clock M.

Place of sale: Court House door, Fayetteville, N. C.

Terms: Three-fourths cash and balance on four months' time. Interest from confirmation. Title reserved or approved security.

October 4th, 1899. Z. B. NEWTON,
Commissioner.

Robinson & Shaw, Attorneys.

Notice.

We will sell at Manchester, N. C., in front of the Murchison Mill store, on **Saturday, the 4th day of November,** 1899, at 2 o'clock, p. m., for cash, THE REMAINDER in the John F. Clark homestead: that is, such interest as will remain after the expiration of the homestead interest.

I A. MURCHISON and
W. J. McDIARMID,
Ass'gnees.

October 5, 1899 4t

Administratrix Notice.

Having qualified as Administratrix of the estate of Neill D. McLauchlin, deceased, I hereby notify all persons having claims against said estate to present them to me for payment on or before the 25th day of August, 1900. Otherwise this notice will be pleaded in bar of their recovery. All persons indebted to the estate are hereby notified to make immediate payment. MRS E J McLAUCHLIN,
Admin'x of Neill D McLauchlin, dec'd.
Argyle, N. C., August 23, 1899

Wilmington & Weldon Rail Road
AND BRANCHES
AND A. C. L. RAILROAD COMPANY OF SOUTH CAROLINA.

CONDENSED SCHEDULE.

TRAINS GOING SOUTH.

DATED July 31, 1899.	No 23, Daily.	No 35, Daily.	No 103 D'ly ex Sunday	No 41, Daily.	No 49, Daily.
	A. M.	P. M.	P. M.	A. M.	P. M.
Leave Weldon	11 50	9 43			
Ar Rocky Mt.	12 55	10 36			
Leave Tarboro	12 21		6 00		
Lv Rocky Mt.	1 00	10 36	5 45	5 40	12 52
Leave Wilson	1 58	11 14	7 10	6 20	2 40
Leave Selma	2 55	11 57			
Lv Fayetteville	4 30	1 10			
Ar Florence	7 25	3 15			
	P. M.	A. M.			
Ar Goldsboro	......	......	7 50		
Lv Goldsboro				7 01	3 31
Lv Magnolia				8 09	4 35
Ar Wilmington				9 40	5 50
			P. M.	A. M.	P. M.

TRAINS GOING NORTH.

	No 78, Daily.	No 102, D'ly ex Sunday.	No 32, Daily.	No 40, Daily.	No 48, Daily.
	A. M.		P. M.		
Lv Florence	9 40		7 45		
Lv Fayetteville	12 20		9 45		
Leave Selma	1 50		10 54		
Arrive Wilson	2 35		11 31		
		A. M.		P. M.	A. M.
Lv Wilmington				7 00	9 45
Lv Magnolia				8 34	11 19
Lv Goldsboro		5 15		9 45	12 31
	P. M.		A. M.	P. M.	P. M.
Leave Wilson	2 35	5 41	11 31	10 28	1 18
Ar Rocky Mt.	3 30	6 15	12 07	11 35	1 53
Ar Tarboro		7 04			
Leave Tarboro	12 21				
Lv Rocky Mt.	3 30		12 09		
Arrive Weldon	4 32		1 00		
	P. M.		A. M.	P. M.	

†Daily except Monday. ‡Daily except Sunday

Wilmington and Weldon Railroad, Yadkin Division Main Line—train leaves Wilmington, 9 00 a. m, arrives Fayetteville 12.15 p. m. Leaves Fayetteville 12.25 p. m, arrives Sanford 1.43 p. m. Returning leave Sanford 2.30 p m, arrive Fayetteville 3.45 p. m. Leave Fayetteville 3 50 p. m, arrive Wilmington 6.50 p. m.

Wilmington and Weldon Railroad Bennettsville Branch—train leaves Bennettsville 8.05 a. m, Maxton 9 20 a. m, Red Springs 9.53 a m, Hope Mills 10.42 a. m, arrive Fayetteville 10.50. Returning leaves Fayetteville 4.40 p m, Hope Mills 4.55 p. m, Red Springs 5.35 p. m, Maxton 6.15 p. m, arrives Bennettsville 7.15 p. m.

Connections at Fayetteville with train No. 78, at Maxton with the Carolina Central Railroad, at Red Springs with the Red Springs and Bowmore Railroad, at Sanford with the Seaboard Air Line and Southern Railway, at Gulf with the Durham and Charlotte Railroad.

Trains on the Scotland Neck Branch Road leave Weldon 3.35 P. M., Halifax 4:15 P. M., arrive Scotland Neck at 5:08 P. M., Greenville 6.57 P. M., Kinston 7:55 P. M. Returning, leaves Kinston 7:50 A. M., Greenville 8.52 A. M. Arriving Halifax at 11:18 A. M., Weldon 11:33 A. M., daily except Sunday.

Trains on Washington Branch leave Washington 8 10 A. M., and 2:30 P. M., arrive Parmele 9:10 A. M., and 4:00 P. M., returning leave Parmele 9:35 A. M., and 6:30 P. M., arrive Washington 11:00 A. M., and 7.30 P. M. Daily except Sunday.

Train leaves Tarboro, N. C., daily except Sunday at 5:30 P. M., Sunday, 4:15 P. M., arrives Plymouth 7:40 P. M., 6:10 P. M. Returning, leaves Plymouth daily except Sunday, 7:50 A. M., and Sunday 9 00 A. M., arrives Tarboro 10:05 A. M., 11:00 A. M.

Train on Midland N. C. Branch leaves Goldsboro daily except Sunday, 7.05 A. M., arriving Smithfield 8.10 A. M. Returning, leaves Smithfield 9:00 A. M.; arrive Goldsboro 10:25 A. M.

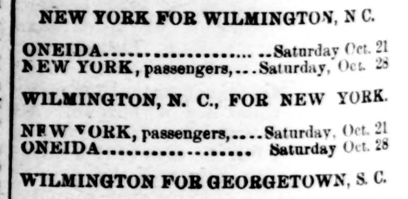
Trains on Nashville Branch leave Rocky Mount at 9:30 A. M., 3.40 P. M., arrive Nashville 10:20 A. M., 4:03 P. M., Spring Hope 10:40 A. M., 4:55 P. M. Returning, leave Spring Hope 11.00 A. M., 4:55 P. M., Nashville 11:22 A. M., 5 25 P. M., arrive Rocky Mount 11:45 A. M., 6 00 P. M., daily except Sunday.

Train on Clinton Branch leaves Warsaw for Clinton, daily, except Sunday, at 11:40 A. M., and 4:15 P. M. Returning, leaves Clinton at 7 00 A. M., and 2:50 P. M.

Train No 78 makes close connection at Weldon for all points North daily, all rail via Richmond.

H. M. EMERSON,
Gen'l Passenger Agent.

J. R. KENLEY, Gen'l Manager.
T. M. EMERSON, Traffic Manager.



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NEW YORK FOR WILMINGTON, N. C.

ONEIDA	Saturday Oct. 21
NEW YORK, passengers	Saturday, Oct. 28

WILMINGTON, N. C., FOR NEW YORK.

NEW YORK, passengers	Saturday, Oct. 21
ONEIDA	Saturday Oct. 28

WILMINGTON FOR GEORGETOWN, S. C.

ONEIDA	Tuesday Oct 24
NEW YORK	Tuesday, Oct. 31

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